

Annual Performance Presentation

In Situ Oil Sands Schemes 9673 / 10147 / 10423 / 10787

April 2017

Premium Value | Defined Growth | Independent

Canadian Natural

Agenda

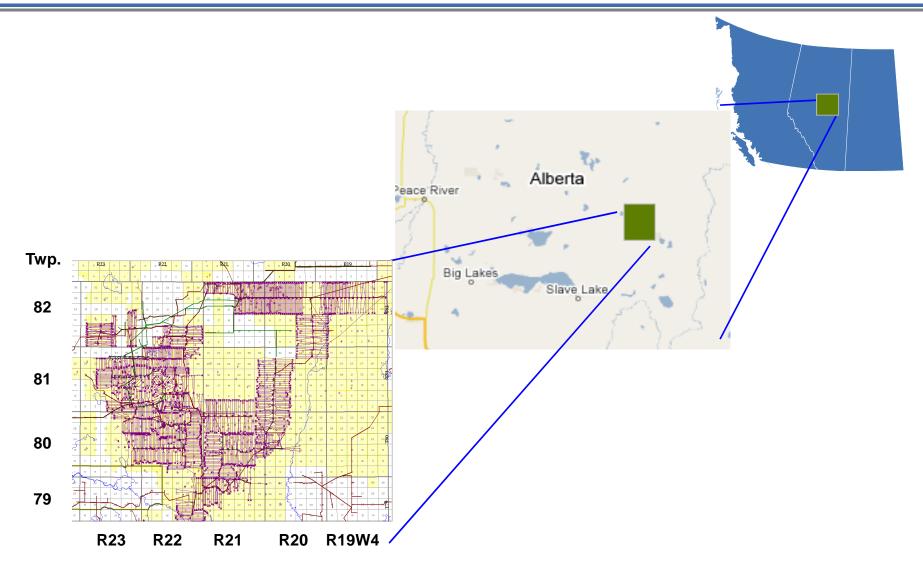


- Current Approvals
- Geological Overview
- Drilling, Completions, and Artificial Lift
- Field Performance and Surveillance
- Cap Rock Integrity & Monitoring
- Future Development Plans
- Facilities
- Measuring & Reporting
- Facility Future Plans
- Water Use, Conservation & Disposal
- AER Compliance
- Conclusions



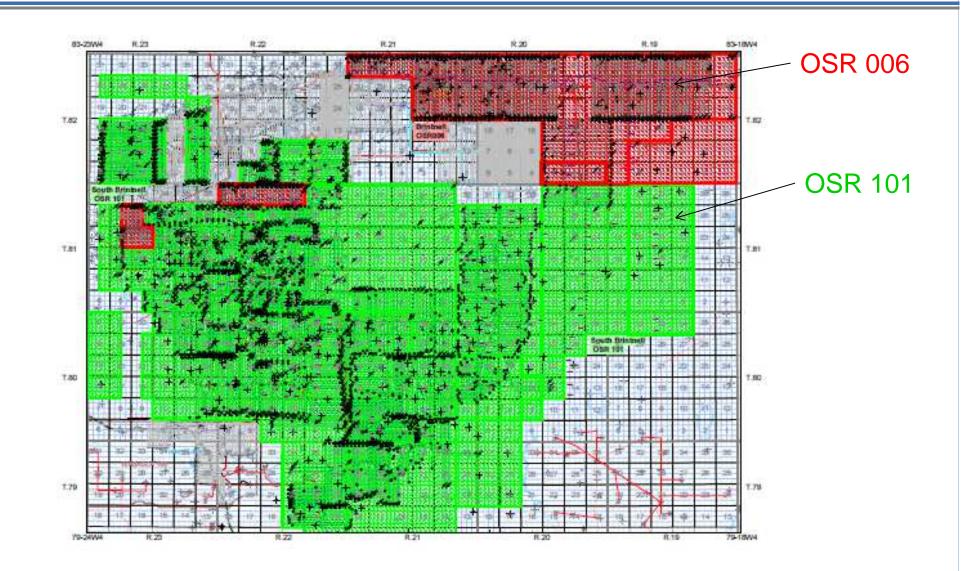
Brintnell Location





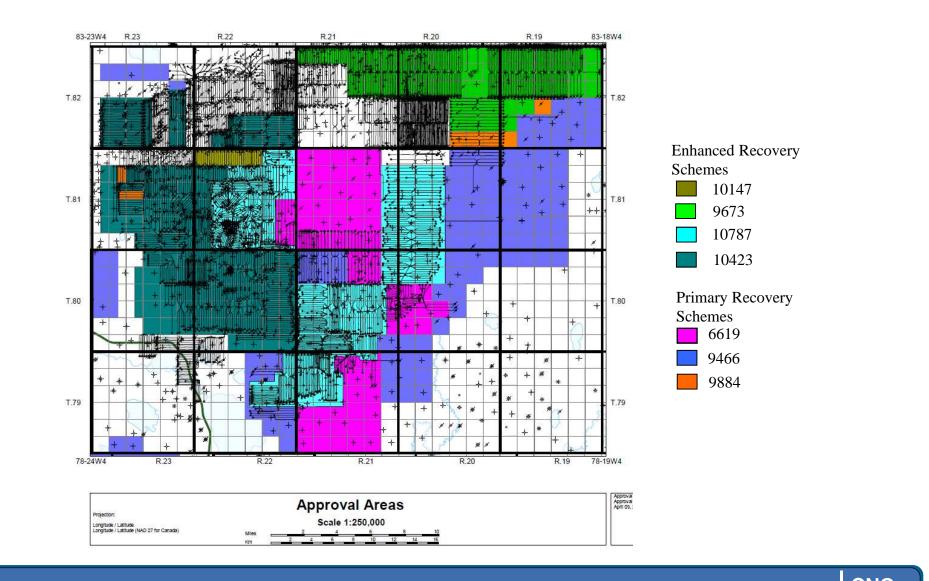
Oil Sands Royalties (OSR 101, OSR 006)





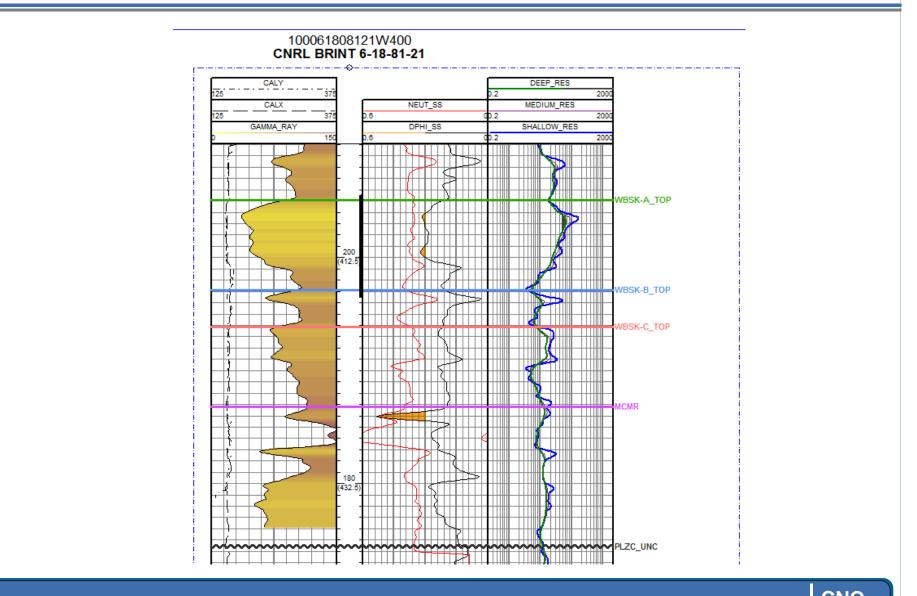
Primary and Enhanced Approval Regions





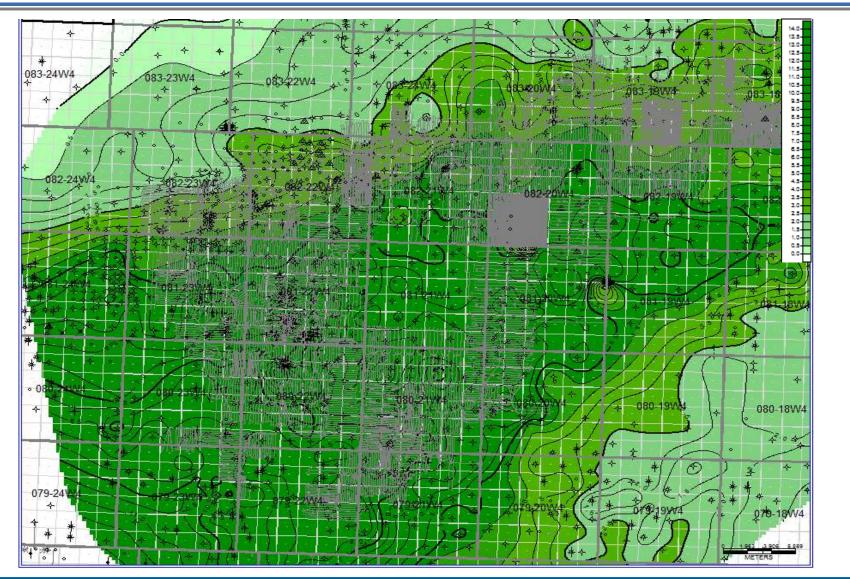
CNRL Brint 6-14-81-21 W4M Type Log





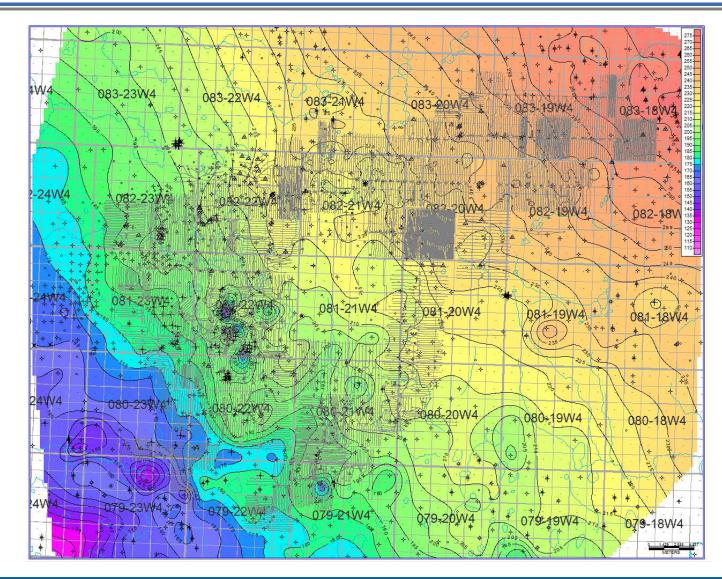
Wabiskaw 'A' Net Pay Map





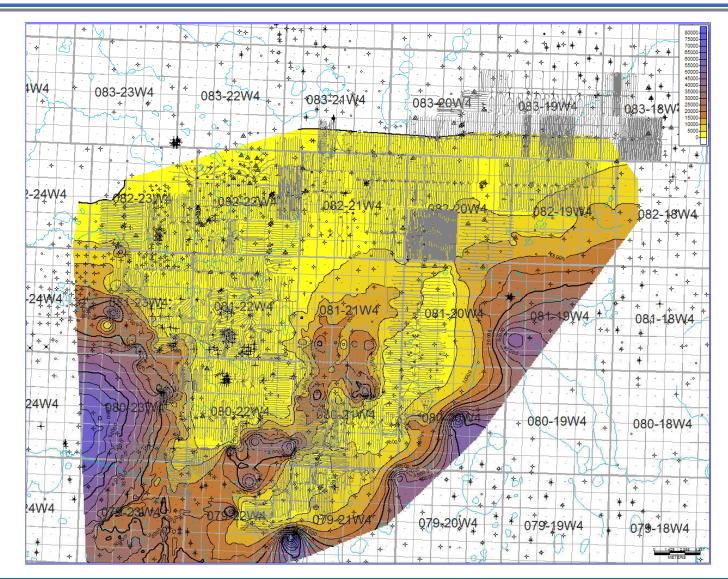
Wabiskaw Structure Map





Produced Oil Viscosity Map

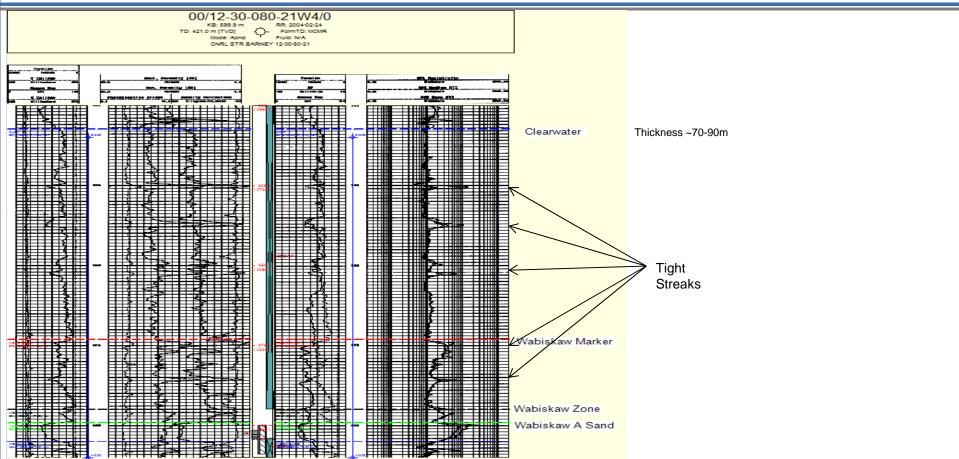




Type Log Clearwater Isopach/Tight Streaks



CNQ Slide 10



The cap rock comprises the Clearwater Shales, Wabiskaw Marker and the Wabiskaw zone (which ranges in thickness from 80 to 95 meters) and over lies the Wabiskaw A Sand.

Contained within this isopach are numerous tight streaks ranging from 1.5 - 4 meters in thickness throughout this interval; they are found in both the Clearwater shale interval the Wabiskaw marker interval, as illustrated in the accompanying log.

Brintnell Regional Reservoir Properties



- Upper Wabiskaw Sand
 - Depth of 300-425m TVD
 - Net Pay Range 1 9m
 - Porosity 28 32%
 - Permeability 300 3000md
 - Temperature 13-17 deg. C
 - Water Saturation 30 40%
 - Oil Viscosity (dead oil) 800 80,000cp @ 15 deg. C
 - Initial Reservoir Pressure 1900 2600kpa

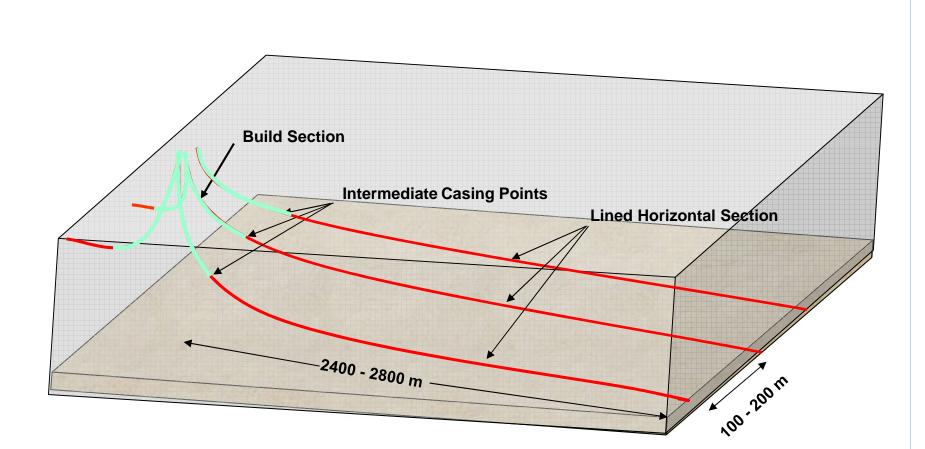


Drilling, Completions, and Artificial Lift



Typical Drilling Configuration





• CNRL lands the intermediate casing within the Wabiskaw formation.

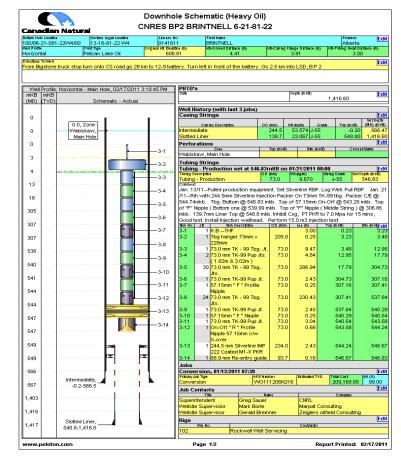
Typical Well Configurations



• Producer

	n Naturai					hematic (Heavy (RINTNELL 15-34	,				
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www.pelot					P	'age 1/3			Report Printe	ed: 02/17/2011	

Injector



• Intermediate Casing landed in Wabiskaw sand (producers and injectors).

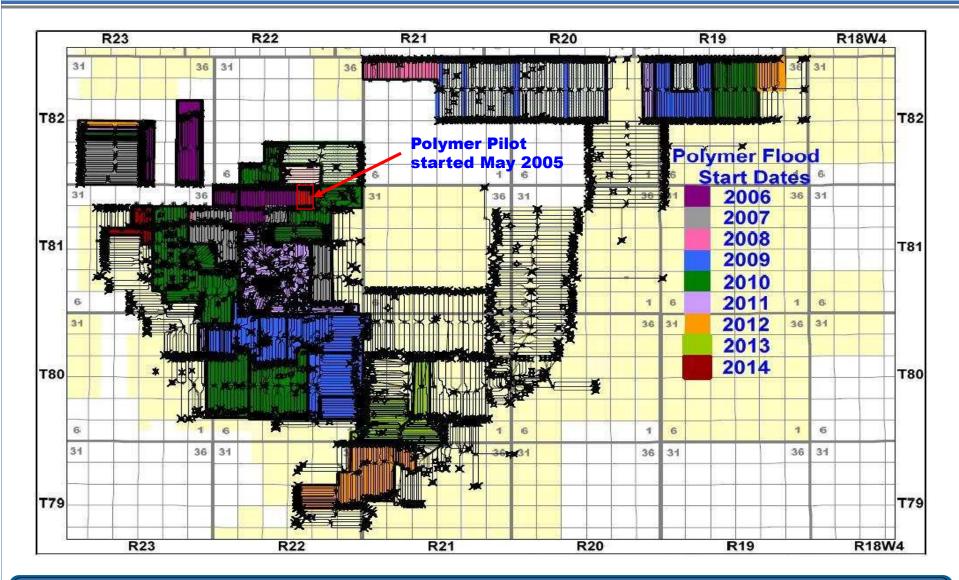


EOR History and Current Approvals



Polymer Flood Development





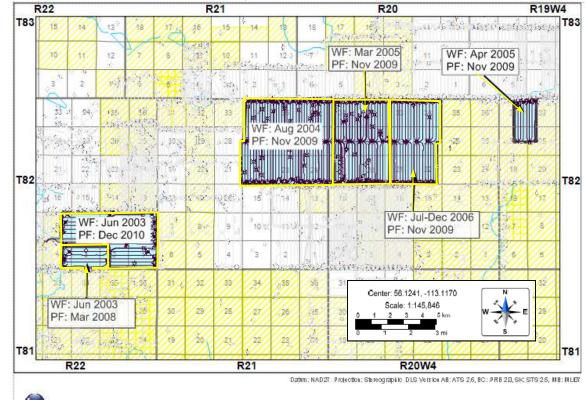
Polymer Flood After Water Flood



CNQ Slide 17

• The areas highlighted in blue for the map below started on waterflood (WF) prior to being converted to polymer flood (PF). All CNRL Pelican Lake water flood schemes have now been converted to polymer flood. Since 2007, all new enhanced recovery schemes are converted directly to

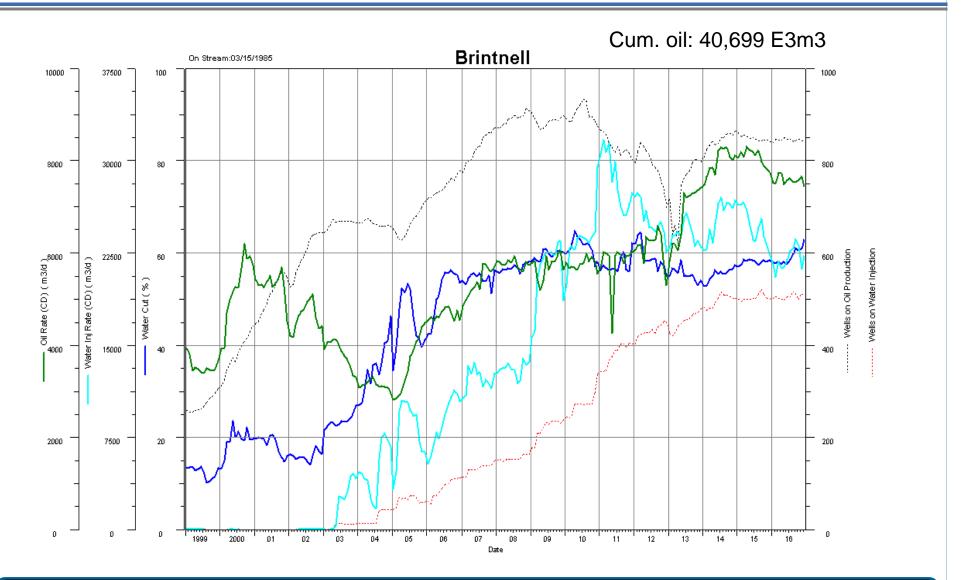
polymer flooding.



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Field Overview





Approximately 63% of the approved EOR scheme areas are currently developed and under flood as of the end of 2016

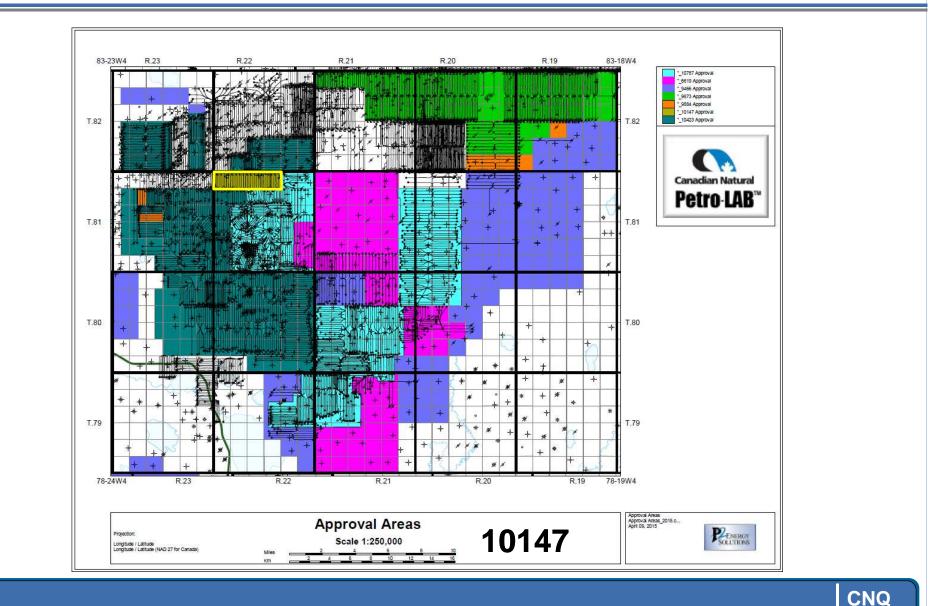


Field Performance and Surveillance



Approval 10147

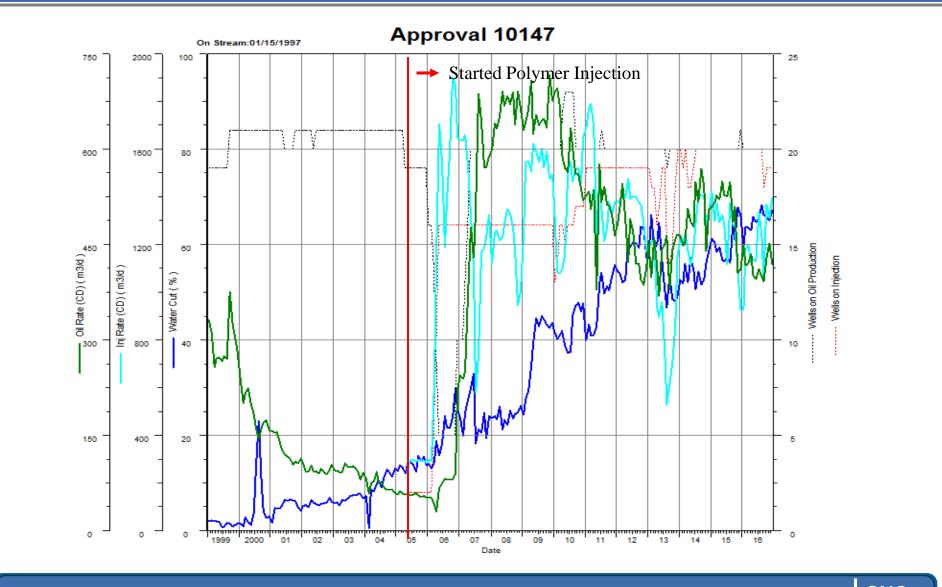




Slide 20

Approval 10147 Production Update





Cum oil: 2,565 E3m3

Cum water: 1,860 E3m3 Cum injection: 5,222 E3m3

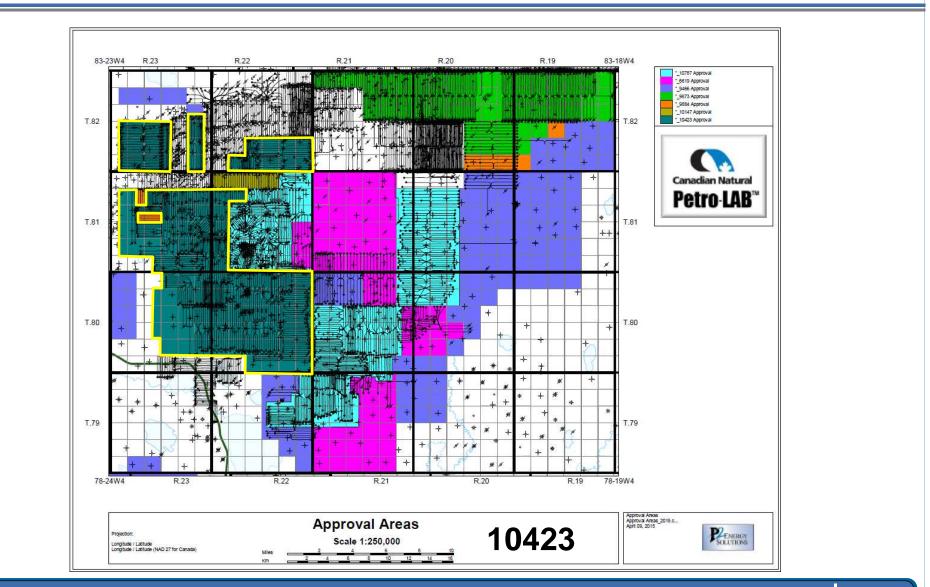
Approval 10147 Discussion



- Contains the most mature polymer flood patterns including the original pilot area which began flooding in 2005.
- First Polymer Response in April 2006 from the HTL6 Pilot area.
- Peak production occurred from mid 2007 to early 2010 at 650 m3/d oil.
- Injection returned to normal in 2014-2015 following a significant reduction in 2013 for offset drilling.
- Increased water cut was observed in 2016 due to the maturity of the flood.
- Water cut averaged roughly 65% during 2016.
- Oil viscosity ranges from 1,300 cp to 2,800 cP.

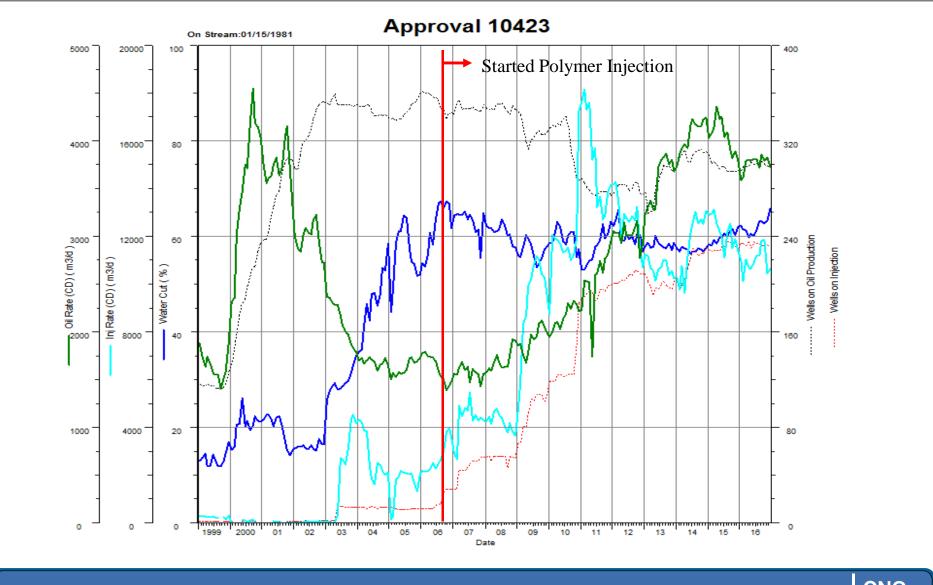
Approval 10423





Approval 10423 Production Update





Cum oil: 18,366 E3m3

Cum water: 18,315 E3m3

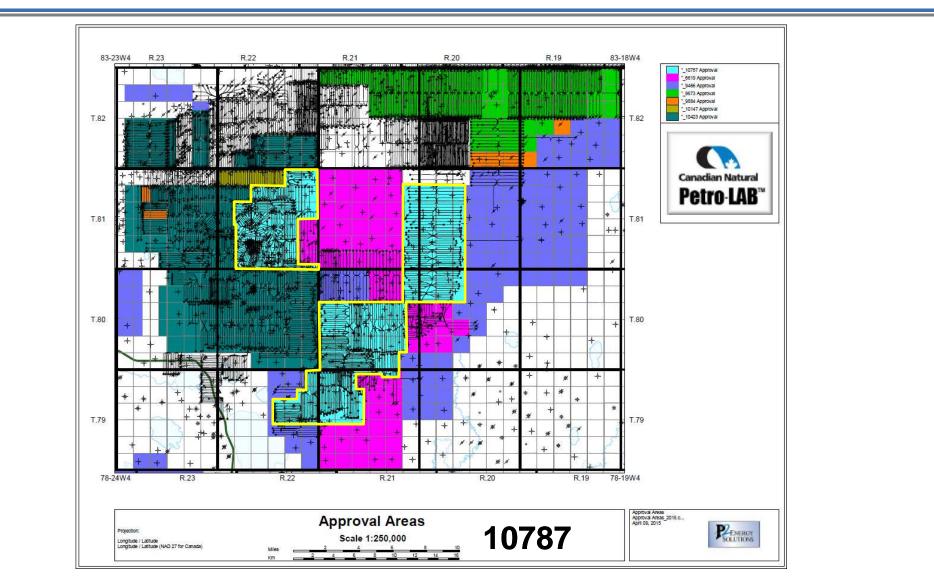
Cum injection: 39,891 E3m3

Approval 10423 Discussion



- Polymerflood started in 2006 covering roughly 5% of the approval area split between 3 small groups. The flood was expanded every year up to 2010. In 2012, small area from PRSA 9884 was added to the approval.
- Currently 73% of the approval area is under flood.
- Small portion of approval area under waterflood starting in 2003. This area was converted to polymer in 2008 and 2010.
- First polymer response in July 2007 but due to the size and staged flood expansion, did not see a ramp up in oil volumes until early 2009.
- Portions of the approval area are affected by higher in-situ water saturation and/or oil viscosity. Response in these regions has been more delayed and erratic when compared to other portions of the pool.
- Oil viscosity ranges from 1,100 cp to 50,000 cp.
- 14 producers in WB 14 converted to injection in 2014. 6 producers in WB32 area converted to injection in 2015.
- Average WCT in 2016 approximately 62%.

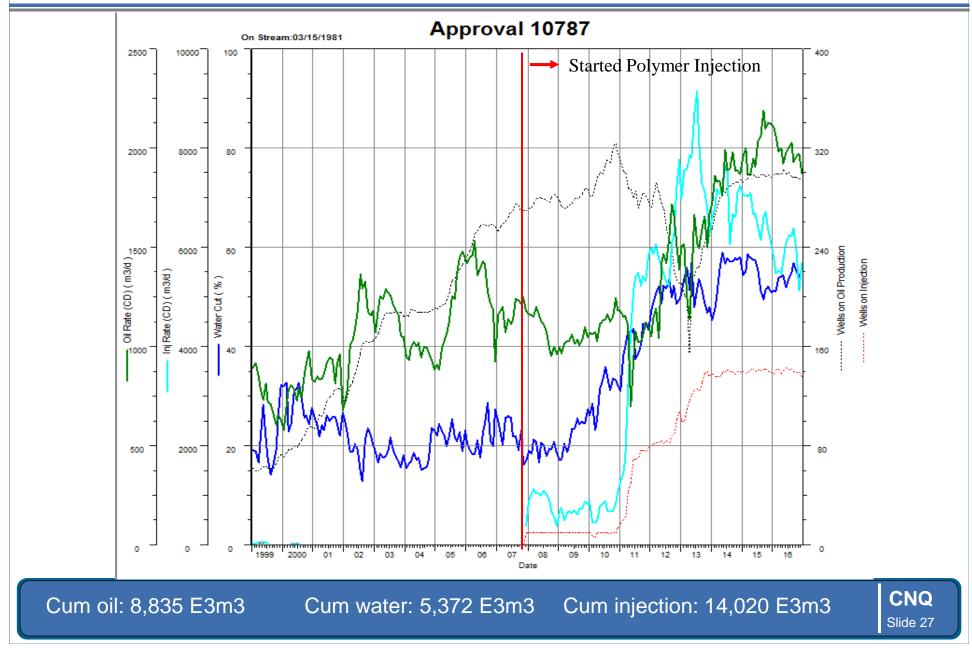
Approval 10787





Approval 10787 Production Update





Approval 10787 Discussion



- Polymer flood started in Dec 2007 covering roughly 4% of the approval area split into 2 small groups. There were no expansions until 2010, since then there has been an expansion completed in every year including 2013. Currently 45% of the approval area is under flood.
- First polymer response in Nov 2008 but due to the size and staged flood expansion, did not see a ramp up in oil volumes until mid 2012.
- Oil production increased in the late part of 2013 and early 2014, mostly due to new well activations.
- Polymer injection was commenced in the Peerless and Sandy Lake portions of the area in 2013, with the majority of wells exhibiting some form or polymer flood response.
- The BP 23-24 area has demonstrated reduced formation water production after 8 years of flooding.
- WCT increased slightly in 2016 to average roughly 55%.
- Oil viscosity ranges from 1,100 cp to 14,400 cp.

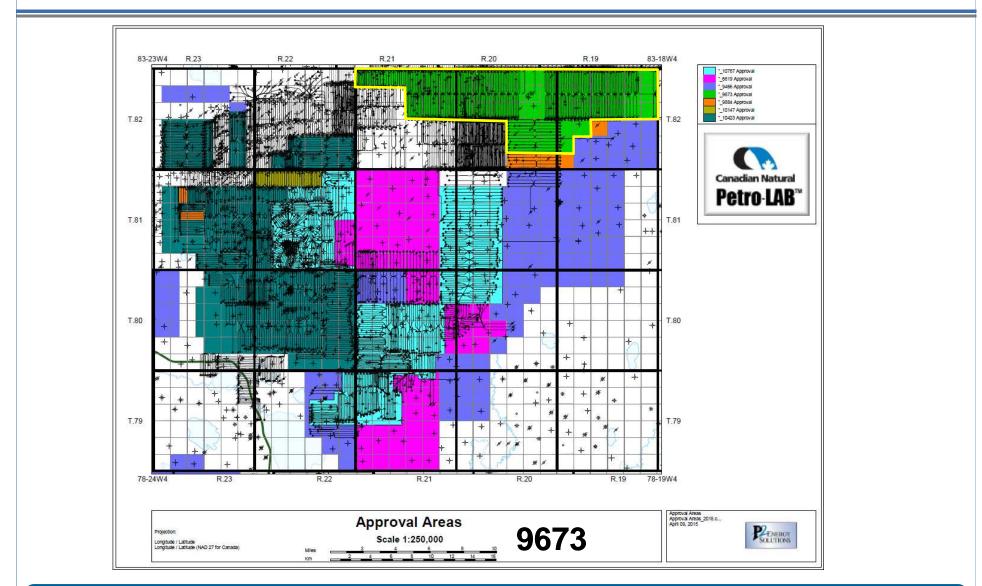
Approval 10787 – 04/01-24-079-22W4 Monitoring



- In May 2012, the 03/16-36-079-22W4 well intersected the 00/01-24-079-22W4 wellbore while drilling
- Numerous attempts were made to repair the 00/01-24 well but ultimately the wellbore could not be returned to service. A non-routine abandonment was conducted on 00/01-24 in March 2013. The 04/01-24-079-22W4 observation well was drilled in September 2013 to monitor the polymer flood near the 00/01-24 offset following consultations with the AER (Approval 10787K).
- 04/01-24-079-22W4 Monitoring Program:
 - Produced water has been monitored continuously since Q4 2013. Through 2016, the well has not produced enough water to obtain a representative water analysis.
 - The bottomhole reservoir pressure was measure quarterly in 2013/2014 and yearly in 2015/2016.
 - The pressure was measured in November 2016 to be 548 kPa; this is comparable to measurements taken in previous years and in line with expectations for the Wabiskaw reservoir under primary depletion.
 - CNRL will continue to monitor the produced watercut and take yearly pressure measurements on this well.



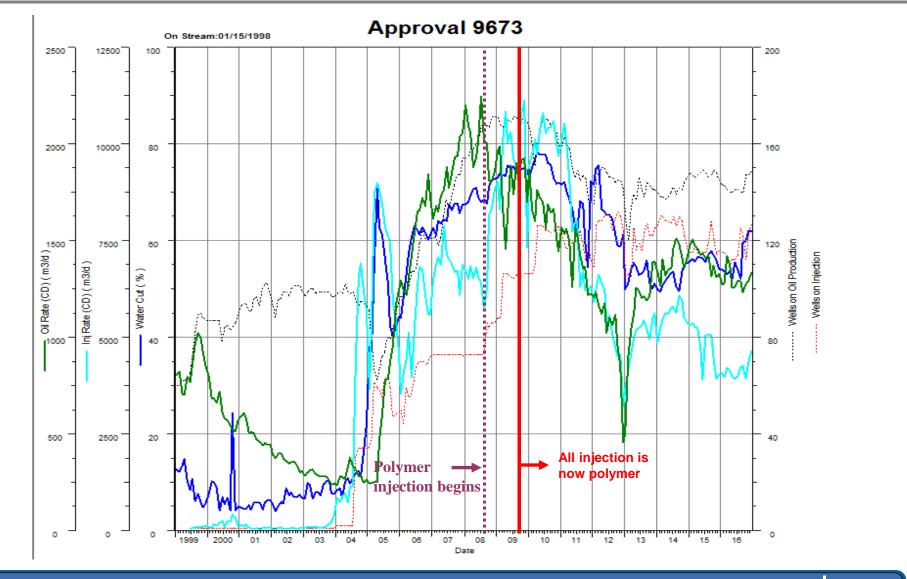
Approval 9673





Approval 9673 Production Update





Cum oil: 7,307 E3m3

Cum water: 11,463 E3m3

Cum Injection: 28,773 E3m3

Approval 9673 Discussion



- Originally approved for waterflood in 2004; waterflood was expanded in 2005/2006 to cover roughly 40% of the current approval area.
- Waterflood peak production occurred from late 2007 to early 2009 at 1850 m3/d oil.
- Polymerflood began in Sept 2008 covering 6% of approval area. Existing waterflood patterns remained unchanged at this time.
- In 2009 all waterflood areas were converted to polymer and a small expansion area from primary was added; additional small expansions from primary were conducted in each year from 2010 to 2012. Currently 70% of the approval area is under flood.
- First polymer response occurred in Sept 2009 but due to declining production from the waterflood areas, have only recently started to see a ramp up in oil volumes from the polymer flood.



Approval 9673 Discussion

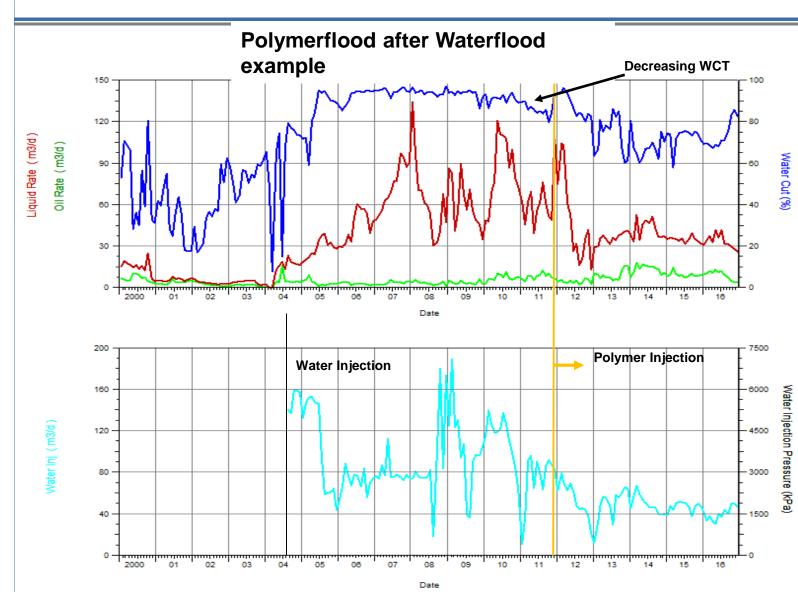


- The conversion from water to polymer has had a dramatic effect on the conformance of the flood. Within two years of conversion for most areas, watercuts declined.
- In 2016 watercut averaged about 58%.
- Oil viscosity ranges from 600 cp to 13,000 cp.



Approval 9673 Discussion

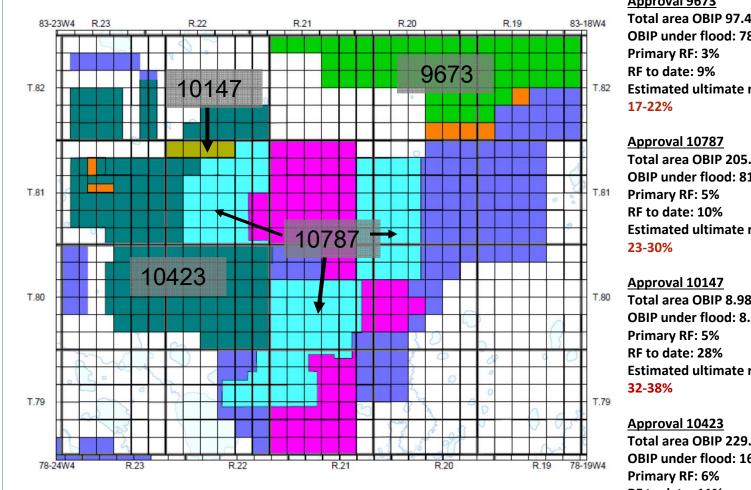




Results from polymer flood after waterflood areas vary by pattern but do show substantial polymer flood response on both oil and WCUT. The range of performance is similar to that experienced in polymer after primary.

Estimated Ultimate Recovery Factors for Flooded Areas (excludes primary areas)





Approval 9673 Total area OBIP 97.4 E⁶m³ OBIP under flood: 78.4 E⁶m³ **Estimated ultimate recovery factors:**

Total area OBIP 205.2 E⁶m³ OBIP under flood: 81.4 E⁶m³ **Estimated ultimate recovery factors:**

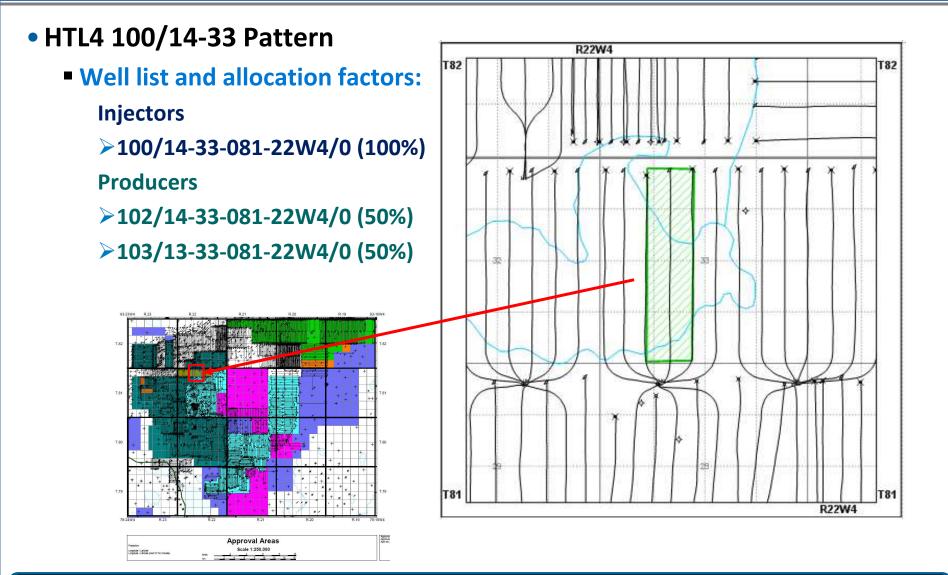
Total area OBIP 8.98 E⁶m³ OBIP under flood: 8.98 E⁶m³ **Estimated ultimate recovery factors:**

Total area OBIP 229.0 E⁶m³ OBIP under flood: 163.8 E⁶m³ RF to date: 11% **Estimated ultimate recovery factors:** 24-30%

*RF to-date represents the RF from the polymer flooding areas only. Estimated RF range represents RF from areas recognized for EOR reserves by reserve auditor.

Good Performance – HTL4 (Approval 10147)

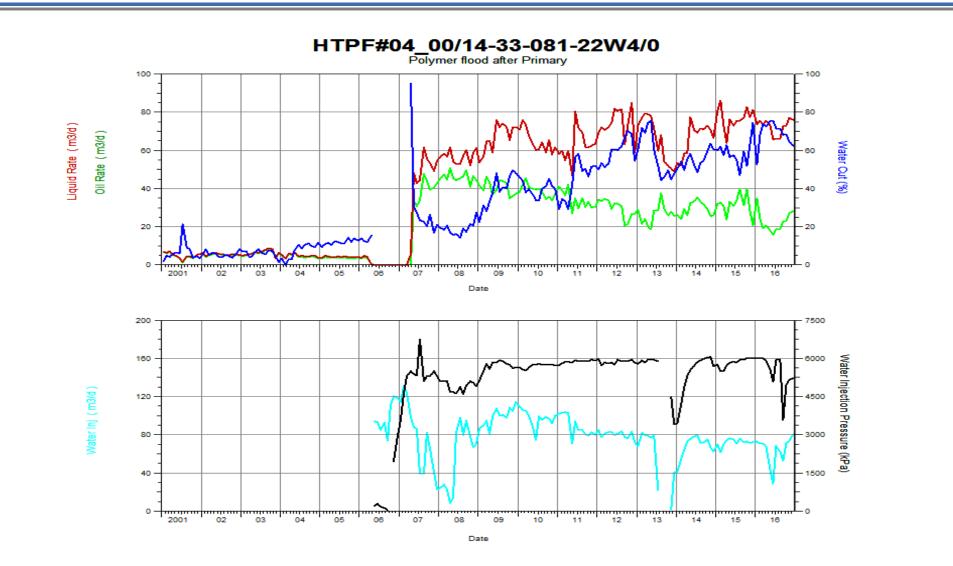




Approval 10147

Good Performance – HTL4 (Approval 10147)





Average Performance – BP6 (Approval 10787)



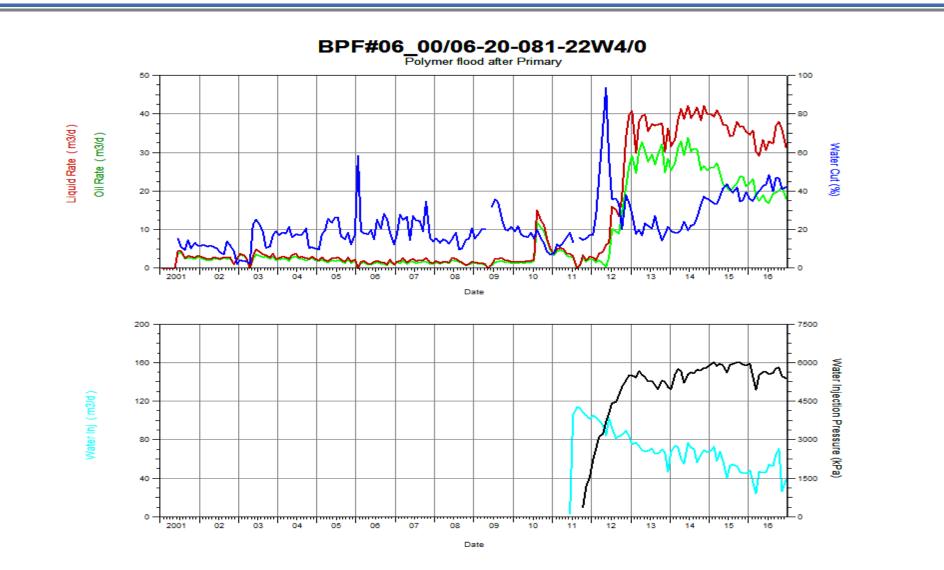
• BP6 100/6-20 Pattern R22W4 Well List and allocation factors: Injectors ▶100/06-20-081-22W4/0 (100%) **Producers:** ▶100/03-20-081-22W4/0 (50%) ▶102/06-20-081-22W4/0 (50%) T81 T81 R22W4 Approval Areas Scale 1-250 000

Approval 10787

Longhule / Lathule

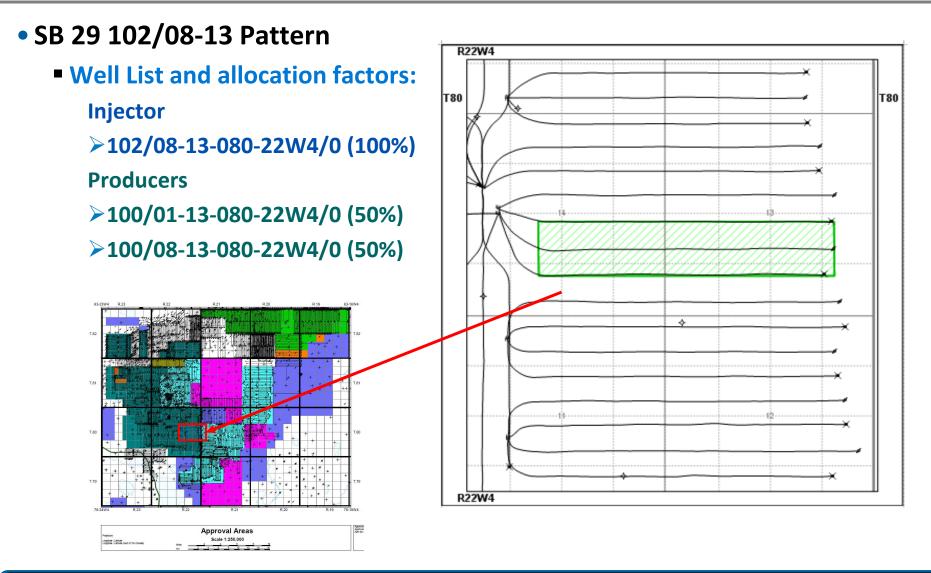
Average Performance – BP6 (Approval 10787)





Below Average Performance – SB 29 (Approval 10423)

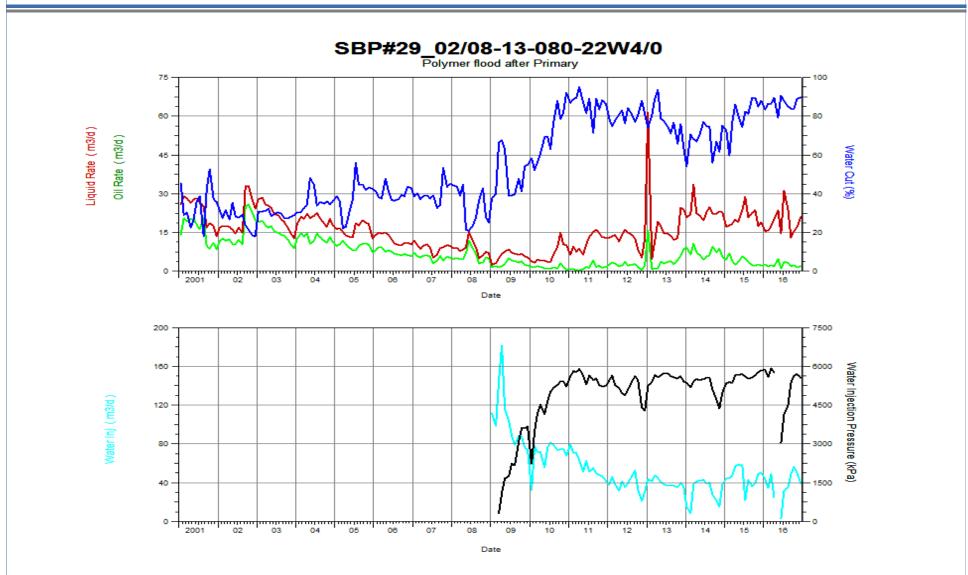




Approval 10423

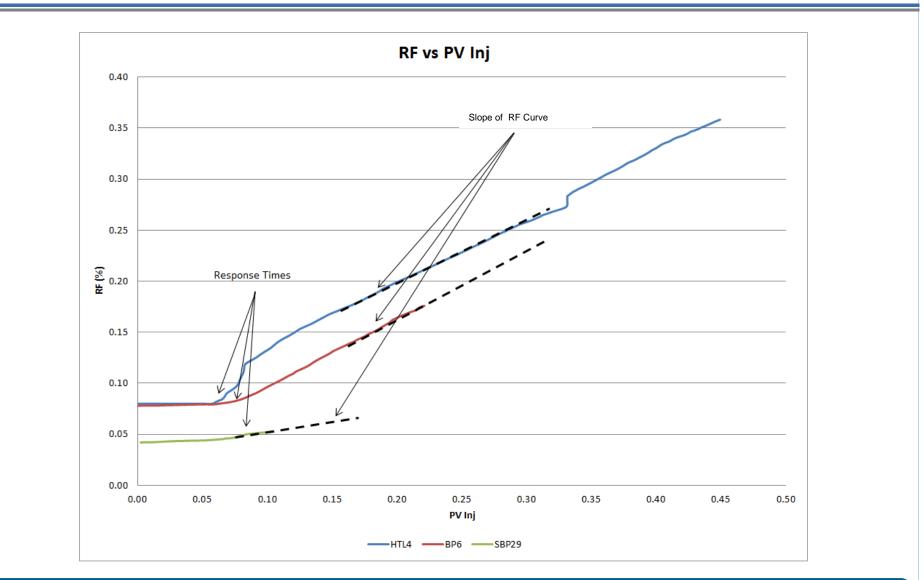
Below Average Performance – SB 29 (Approval 10423)





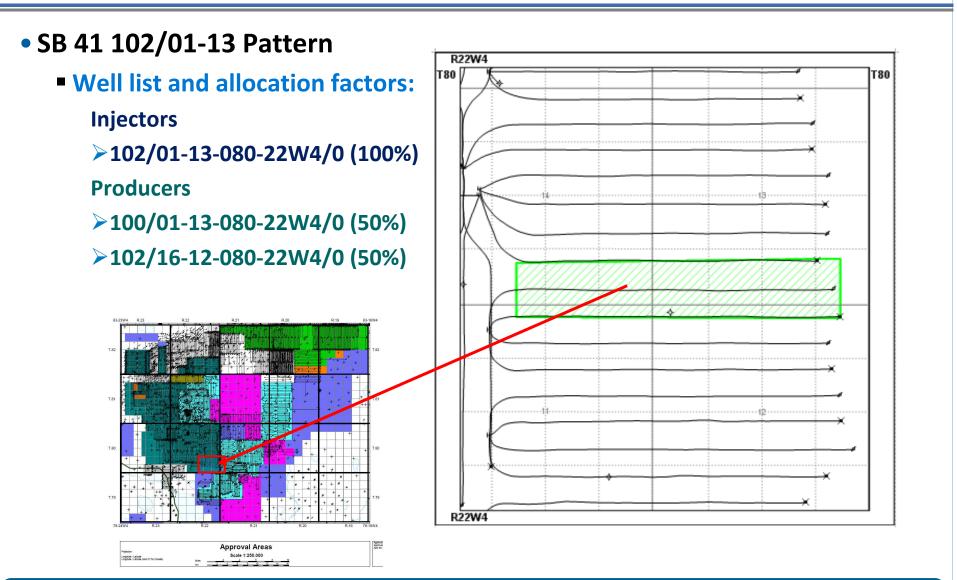
Summary of Good/Average/Poor Areas





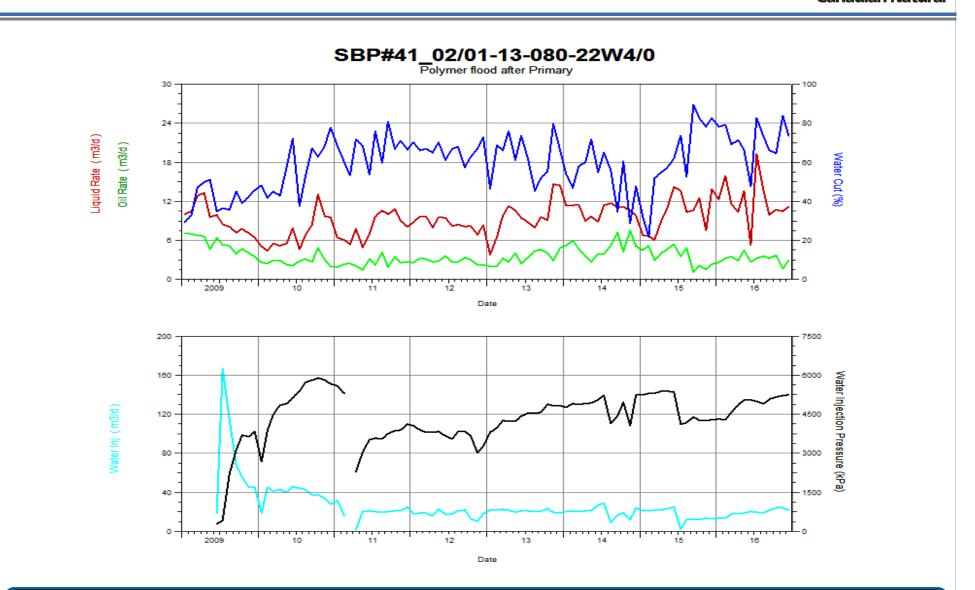
Plot showing Recovery Factor (RF) versus Pore Volume (PF) Injected. Indicates effectiveness and performance of the flood.

High Viscosity Performance – SB 41 (Approval 10423)



Approval 10423

High Viscosity Performance – SB 41 (Approval 10423)



High Viscosity Performance – SB 41 (Approval 10423)

- Experience with higher viscosity flooding has been varied but indications are that response is to be expected but is harder to predict
 - In the example total production from pattern has doubled in response to polymer flooding
 - Water cut response has been muted compared to lower viscosity examples
- Lower injection rates and slower response characteristic of polymer flooding higher viscosity oil.



Cap Rock Integrity





• 2016 Anomalies (7 in total)

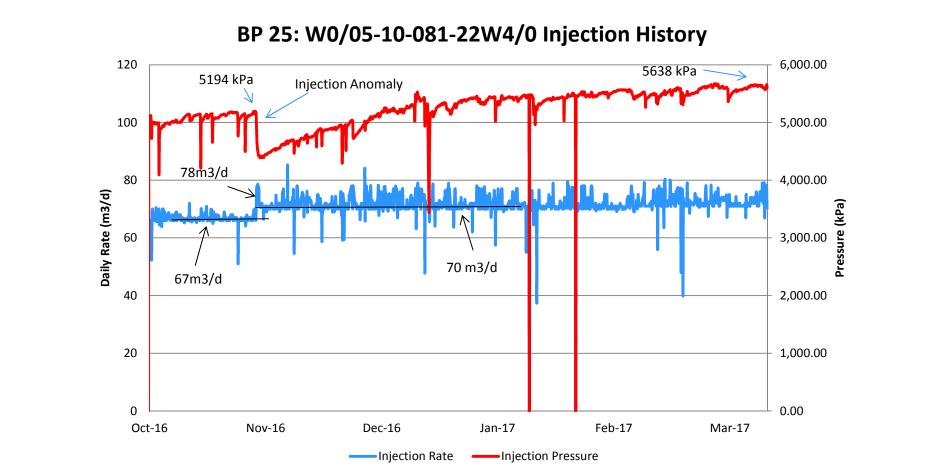
Date of Event	Location	Cause of Alarm	Operations Review of Injection Well	Initial Injection Pressure	Anomalous Pressure	Initial Injection Rate	Anomalous Rate	Cause of Anomaly
(MM/DD/YYYY)	(Pad Name and UWI)			(kPag)	(kPag)	(m3/d)	(m3/d)	
June 26, 2016	NBP 9: 00/14-35-08-21W4/0	Drop in injection pressure/injection rate increase	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	4850	4240	43	53	Breakthrough to offsetting production wells
Sept 18th, 2016	NBP 9: 00/14-35-08-21W4/0	Drop in injection pressure	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	4610	3365	39	39	Breakthrough to offsetting production wells
Sept 19th, 2016	BP 19: 02/06-03-081-22W4/0	Drop in injection pressure/injection rate increase	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	4817	3955	94	147	Flood accessing new higher permablility reservoir
October 1, 2016	NBP 8: 00/13-35-08-21W4/2	Drop in injection pressure/injection rate increase	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	5423	4668	57	78	Flood accessing new higher permablility reservoir
October 4, 2016	NBP28 100/16-36-082-20W4/0	Drop in injection pressure	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	4914	3708	27	27	Breakthrough to offsetting production wells
October 29, 2016	BP 25: W0/05-10-081-22W4/0	Drop in injection pressure/injection rate increase	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	5181	4387	67	78	Flood accessing new higher permablility reservoir
November 20, 2016	BP 17: 00/15-16-081-22W4/0	Drop in injection pressure/injection rate increase	Surface facilities and instrumentation checked and found to be working properly	5006	4493	60	99	Flood accessing new higher permablility reservoir

5 anomalies in 2015, 7 anomalies in 2014, 4 anomalies in 2013, 9 anomalies in 2012; 18 anomalies in 2011

All seven 2016 anomalies were fully investigated. All injectors are back on-stream under normal operating conditions and have regained pressure following the event.

Cap Rock Integrity – BP25: W0/05-10



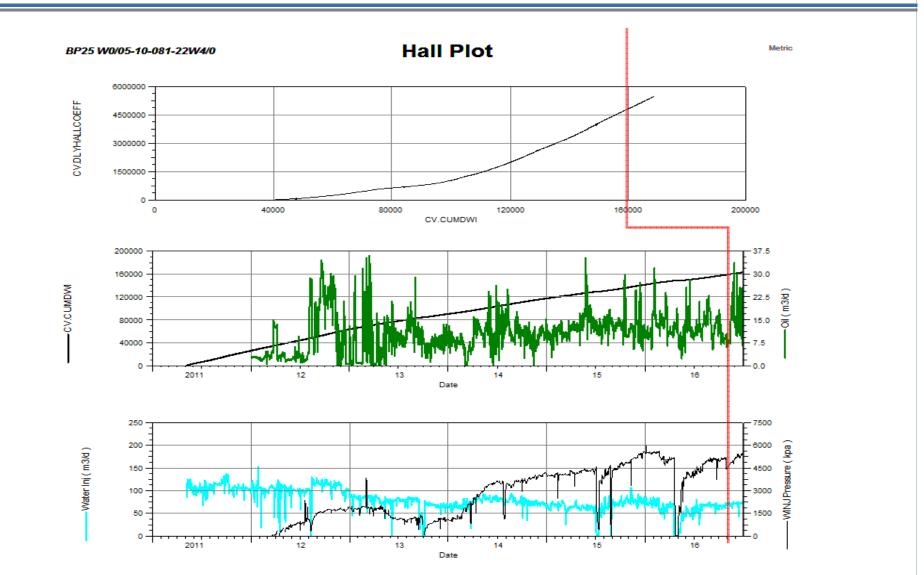


- Offsetting production wells monitored post anomaly with no change if offsetting WCT observed.
- Injection pressure exceeded pre-anomaly levels within several weeks.
- Cause of anomaly determined a function of reservoir heterogeneity and flood accessing higher permeability reservoir as no change in offsetting WCT observed and pressure built above pre-anomaly levels.

W0/05-10-081-22W4/0: Injection rate was lowered immediately after anomaly. Inj. rate remained stable with injection pressure climbing higher then pre-anomaly level with-in several weeks.

Cap Rock Integrity – BP19 – 100/16-10





Hall plots are reviewed regularly to investigate potential cap rock breaches. A sudden change in the Hall Plot slope may indicate a potential issue.



Future Development Plans



Future Development Plans



- Canadian Natural plans to continue with the expansion of the polymer flood at Brintnell over the next several years. Expansion will push the flood to the southeastern and western edges of the pool.
- The focus of this year's capital program will be infill drilling and polymer flood optimization of existing well patterns. Optimization will be achieved through continuous flood management to ensure balance and optimal recovery factor.
- CNRL received approval in 2012 to implement a surfactant pilot in the field. CNRL is not pursuing surfactant flooding at the present time.

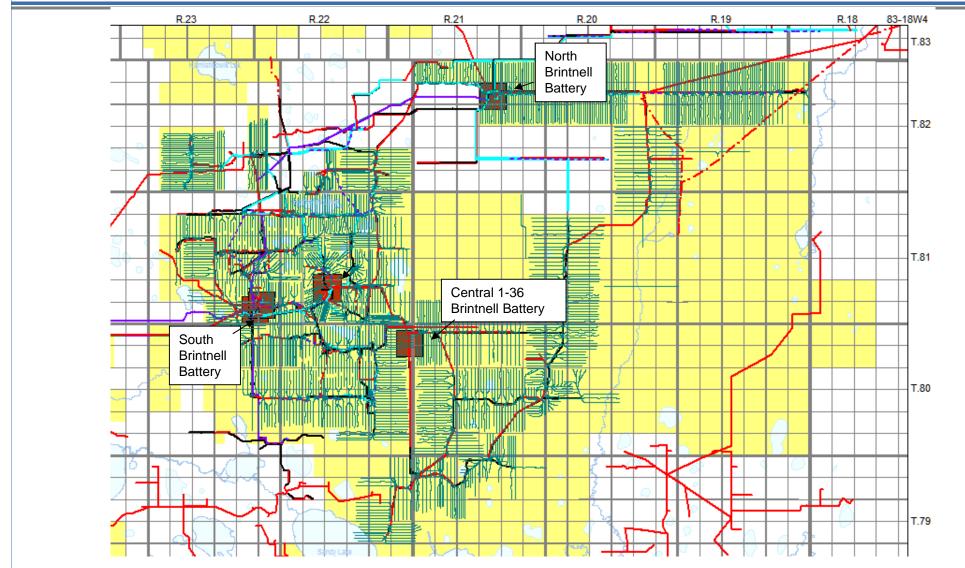


Facilities

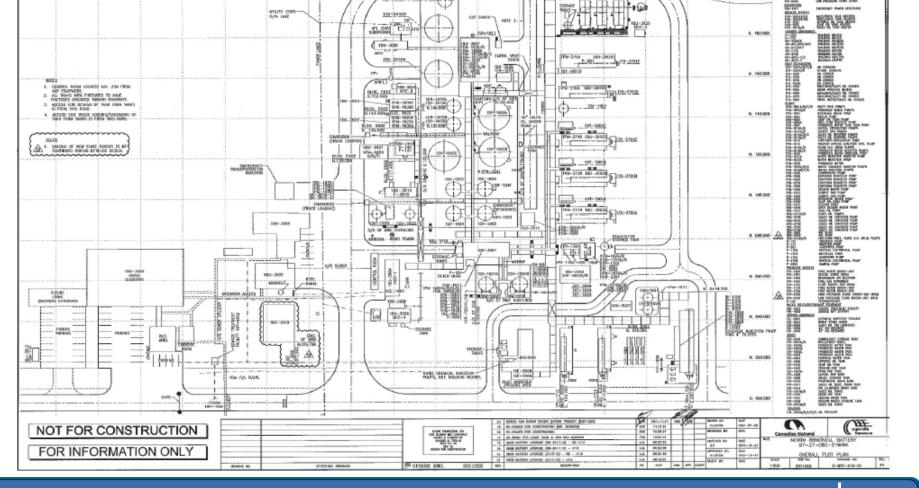


Brintnell Batteries

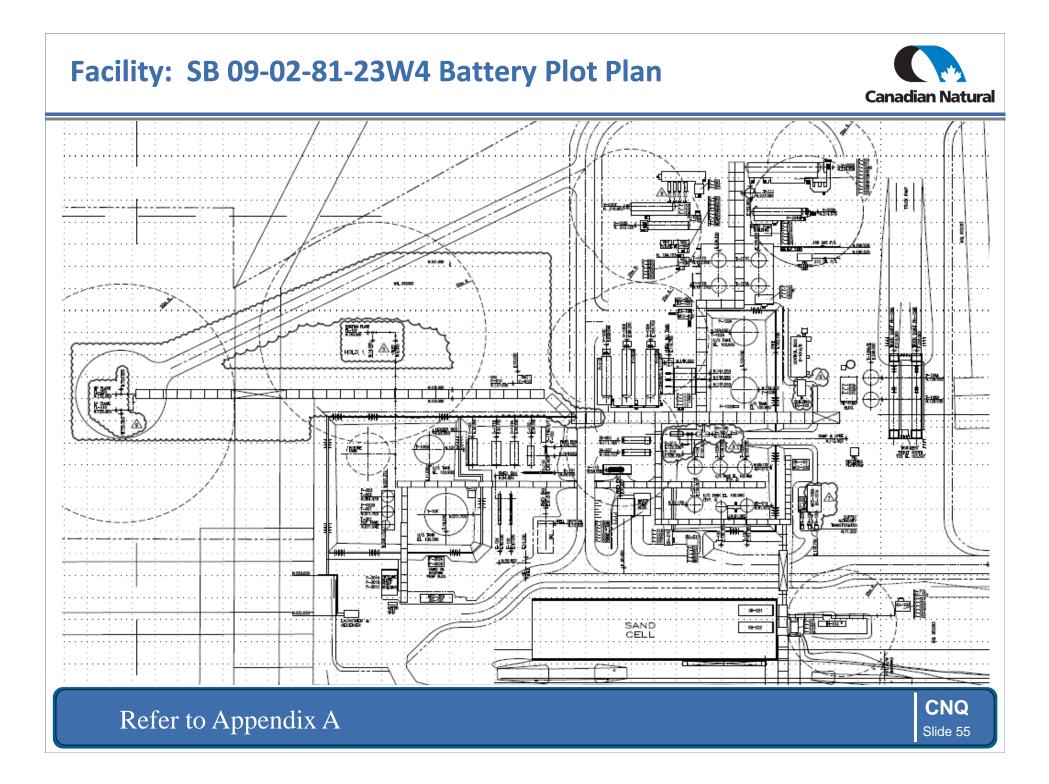




Facility: NB 07-27-82-21W4 Battery Plot Plan **Canadian Natural** 100 100-100 A ACCOUNTS OF AN ADDRESS OF A DRESS 19194-1101 1112 A CARL AND 韻 MODE WARE IN SHE 124-3840 A 1.00 ЪЩЩ 10 STATISTICS. DESIGNED POWOR MENDING UTUTY 25K 194-20108 CALL MAD WI SH 171 2240 200 5.000/000 HOLE III. STAA Anna Amerika Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna - Company Constanting N TUA M TUA 100-300 ENERS. VENT The loss 68 190-380.82 194-30104 A-118-27617 IN COORDIN O'THER LITTERIOR IN COUNT IN COU 21-388 W. 160.000 NOTES CONTROL 400M LOCATES 40%, 258 (TROM ANY EXEMPLE), 412 TAKES WITE FORTUNES TO HAVE FRICTORES ONLYTED TOMARD ROADINGS ACCESS FOR ACCEAN OF TAKE TAKE STRUCTURE FAMIL WE !! P-2218 100-200301 HICK. COSE WEE-B 1-Ma - Darson _____ 143,420 article E KIRAK 120-2902 8. 140.009 ACCESS FOR MILCH EDIDWE/MADADHU UB & FAMIL WINS IS FROM THIS REAL. 1 FOOT 593 18.003 91-949 104-2740 100-2020 AT A SHE NOT and a she also have been as a star HOLDS 常谢 82-1821 TALLE 10, 120,000

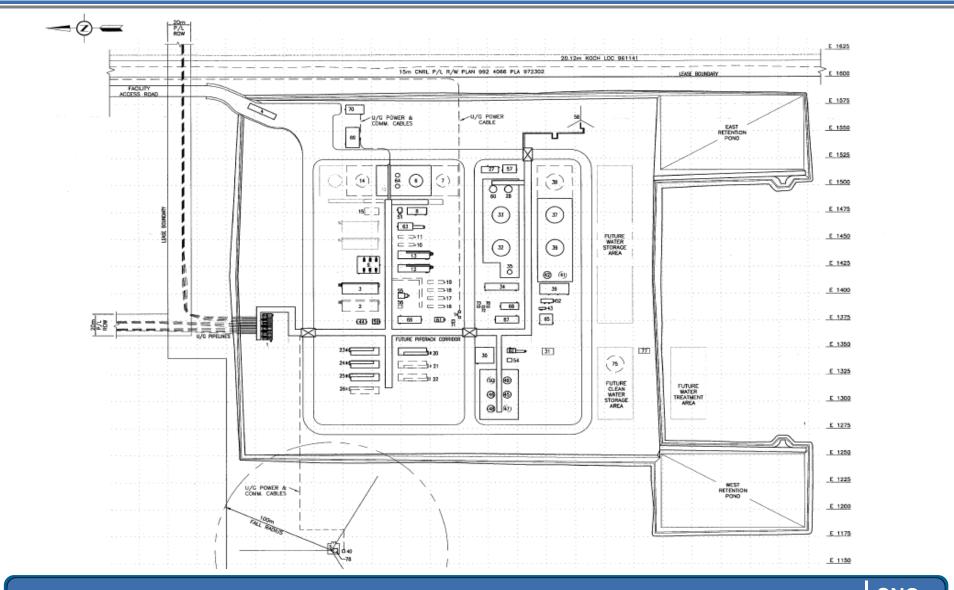


Refer to Appendix A



Facility: CB 01-36-80-22W4 Battery Plot Plan

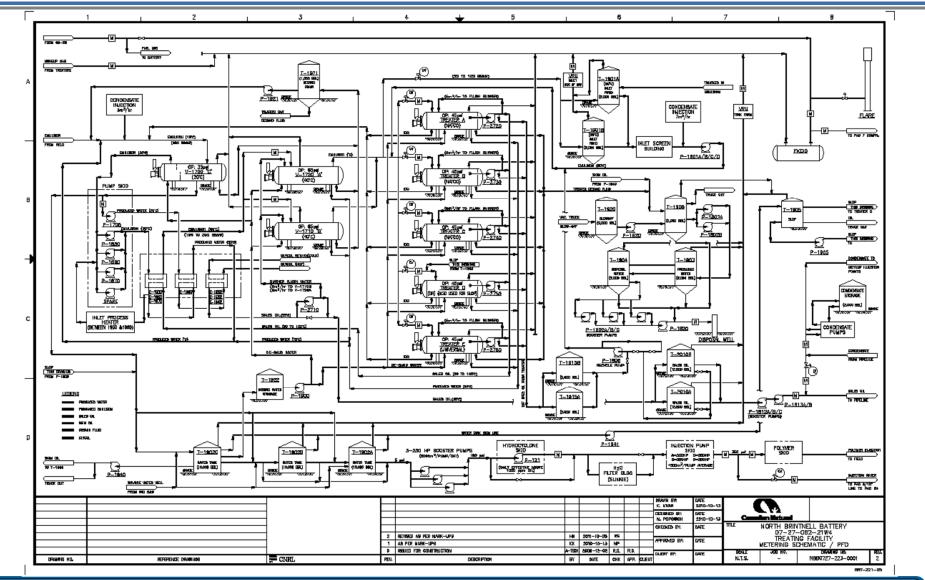




Refer to Appendix A

Facility: Typical Brintnell Battery PFD





Refer to Appendix B



Brintnell Power Consumption

Power Consumption - KWH													
	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Total
Central Brintnell	5,880,640	5,226,063	5,458,563	5,090,711	4,717,776	4,221,819	4,126,621	3,940,437	3,784,130	4,764,569	5,667,146	6,044,215	58,922,690
South Brintnell	8,221,987	7,301,424	7,890,070	7,187,245	5,950,432	5,098,711	5,010,761	4,830,538	5,125,216	6,755,010	7,747,347	8,816,008	79,934,749
North Brintnell	5,684,717	5,025,517	5,228,170	4,728,771	3,783,894	3,293,791	3,005,937	2,833,665	3,116,309	4,646,476	5,069,706	5,888,314	52,305,267
	19,787,344	17,553,004	18,576,803	17,006,727	14,452,102	12,614,321	12,143,319	11,604,640	12,025,655	16,166,055	18,484,199	20,748,537	191,162,706

10,000,000 9,000,000 8,000,000 Power Consumption (KWH) 7,000,000 6,000,000 Central Brintnell Power 5,000,000 South Brintnell Power 4,000,000 ----- North Brintnell Power 3,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 0 Decito Jan 16 FED 10 NOT 10 NOT 10 111 10 112 500 500 0000 NOV10

Brintnell Power Consumption (KWH)

Facility Modifications



- Reasons for Modifications:
 - Oil Treating:
 - Heat integration: Installing indirect heating projects to reduce OPEX. Currently investigating other opportunities.
 - Optimizing battery process
 - Integrity:
 - Implementing plan to rebuild existing flood areas; future flood areas to be rebuilt as the flood is expanded
 - Construction and routine monitoring ongoing. Working towards 2019 compliance.
 - All high risk sour pipelines have been lined as of Feb, 2014
 - Improve Water Quality:
 - De-oiling and Filtration

Battery Performance



	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
North Brintnell 7-27	2008	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2015	2014	2015	2018
Oil Produced (m3)	705,917	809,627	959,335	988,448	957,855	835,263	1,075,836	1,027,258	937,154	900,340	644,768
Produced Water (m3)	1,374,731	1,775,300	2,096,258	2,292,879	2,386,085	1,484,277	1,795,440	1,567,398	1,772,860	1,618,804	1,325,432
Recycle Rates (m3)	1,220,482	1,779,160	2,057,161	2,238,740	2,330,418	1,453,371	1,786,316	1,559,325	1,772,860	1,618,804	1,325,432
Produce Recycle	88.8%	100.2%	98.1%	97.6%	97.7%	97.9%	99.5%	99.5%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Average Daily Recycle (m3/d)	3,344	4,874	5,621	6,134	6,385	3,982	4,881	4,272	4,857	4,435	3,621
Average Disposal Rates (m3/d)	423	-11	107	148	153	85	25	22	0	0	0
Central Brintnell 12-09									-		
Oil Produced (m3)	568,076	603,657	569,149	533,178	528,267	492,495	546,580	237,914			
Produced Water (m3)	167,755	193,349	267,607	378,988	323,086	402,772	402,822	143,284			
Recycle Rates (m3)	0	26,826	159,288	346,418	301,720	357,025	329,781	104,583	Battery converted	to trucked in f	facility May 15,
Produce Recycle	0.0%	13.9%	59.5%	91.4%	93.4%	88.6%	81.9%	73.0%		2013	, , .
Average Daily Recycle (m3/d)	0	73	435	949	827	978	901	775			
Average Disposal Rates (m3/d)	460	456	296	89	59	125	200	106			
Central Brintnell 01-36		· · ·	·			÷					
Oil Produced (m3)								584,297	780,513	951,411	1,298,572
Produced Water (m3)								638,159	1,946,244	2,347,871	2,570,249
Recycle Rates (m3)		Dattory	Commissioned	May 2014 fire	t oil May 15	2012		565,099	1,615,263	1,908,506	2,150,738
Produce Recycle		Бишегу	Commissioneu	Way 2014 - Jils	st oli ivity 15,	2015		88.6%	83.0%	81.3%	83.7%
Average Daily Recycle (m3/d)								2,457	4,425	5,229	5,876
Average Disposal Rates (m3/d)								318	907	1,204	1,146
South Brintnell 9-02											
Oil Produced (m3)	441,942	575,306	620,631	602,897	645,053	782,847	1,080,977	1,055,952	1,220,367	1,100,589	840,998
Produced Water (m3)	341,034	413,480	501,318	544,390	776,095	1,014,789	1,505,539	1,494,985	1,205,459	1,278,060	1,438,774
Recycle Rates (m3)	0	22,465	173,011	204,727	173,120	823,109	1,412,965	1,384,546	1,091,455	1,172,557	1,173,748
Produce Recycle	0.0%	5.4%	34.5%	37.6%	22.3%	81.1%	93.9%	92.6%	90.5%	91.7%	<mark>81.6%</mark>
Average Daily Recycle (m3/d)	0	62	473	561	474	2,255	3,861	3,793	2,990	3,212	3,207
Average Disposal Rates (m3/d)	934	1,071	897	931	1,652	525	253	303	312	289	726
Total Volumes			F								
Oil Produced (m3)	1,715,934	1,988,589	2,149,115	2,124,523	2,131,175	2,110,605	2,703,393	2,905,421	2,938,034	2,952,339	2,784,338
Produced Water (m3)	1,883,520	2,382,129	2,865,183	3,216,258	3,485,267	2,901,838	3,703,800	3,843,826	4,924,563	5,244,736	5,334,455
Recycle Rates (m3)	1,220,482	1,828,451	2,389,460	2,789,885	2,805,257	2,633,505	3,529,061	3,613,553	4,479,577	4,699,867	4,649,918
Fresh Water (m3)	512,766	1,026,684	1,493,264	1,433,242	1,553,045	1,479,780	1,876,840	2,041,938	2,028,731	1,937,567	1,916,943
Brackish Water (m3) - Grosmont	1,438,110	1,661,989	764,664	2,963,684	3,999,848	6,274,361	4,780,011	3,800,437	3,666,120	3,133,047	2,276,529
Disposal Volume (m3)	663,038	553,678	475,723	426,373	680,010	268,333	174,739	222,200	464,554	544,868	684,537
Total Produce Recycle (%)	64.8%	76.8%	83.4%	86.7%	80.5%	90.8%	95.3%	94.0%	91.0%	89.6%	87.2%
Average Daily Recycle (m3/d)	3,344	5,009	6,529	7,644	7,686	7,215	9,642	9,900	12,273	12,876	12,705
Average Daily Disposal (m3/d)	1,817	1,517	1,300	1,168	1,863	735	477	748	1,219	1,493	1,870



Measuring and Reporting



Measurement and Reporting



- Methods of Measurement:
 - Oil and Water: flow meters and test tanks (Primary only)
 - Solution Gas: orifice meters/GOR Testing
- Typical Well Testing:
 - Frequency and duration: well testing as per Directive 17.
 - Meter installations have replaced test tanks (high volume and flood producers).
 - Part of all new pad expansions and rebuilds.
- 2016 Field Proration Factors:
 - Meets directive 17 requirements (Oil: 0.85, Water: 1.08)

Measurement and Reporting – Continued



- Optimization:
 - Remove test tanks and install flow meters on pads/wells
 - Increase testing frequency and duration
 - Perform testing inline
 - Eliminates gas venting from tanks
 - Reduces fuel gas consumption
 - Reduces potential for spill
 - Standardize testing equipment across field
 - Reduce downtime and maintenance
 - Increase reliability in calibration
 - Improve & revise BS&W testing procedures for better accuracy



Gas Volumes (e3m3)	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Total
DISP	4,874	4,549	4,927	4,710	4,858	4,329	4,418	4,282	4,440	4,612	4,289	4,088	54,376
FLARE	121	67	66	69	85	117	182	162	80	88	83	238	1,357
FUEL	4,081	3,833	3,765	3,178	3,305	3,110	3,138	3,282	3,253	3,341	3,314	3,678	41,277
PROD	5,601	5,150	5,537	5,062	5,437	4,846	4,927	4,689	4,819	5,001	4,724	4,597	60,391
PURDISP	64	85	89	95	60	76							469
PURREC	64	85	89	95	60	76							469
REC	3,831	3 <i>,</i> 565	3,482	3,165	3,075	2,992	3,114	3,342	3,271	3,353	3,356	3,787	40,332
VENT	356	266	261	270	265	283	304	304	317	314	395	380	3,713

- Produced gas is captured, processed and used throughout the field as consumable fuel gas.
- Venting only occurs at the well leases when D-60 requirements have been approved by the AER. No sour gas vented.
- Year over year reductions in vented and flared gas volumes



Future Facility Plans



Facility Future Plans



• Major Activities:

- Pad Rebuilds
- Future Polymer Expansions
- Water Management Plan





Water Use



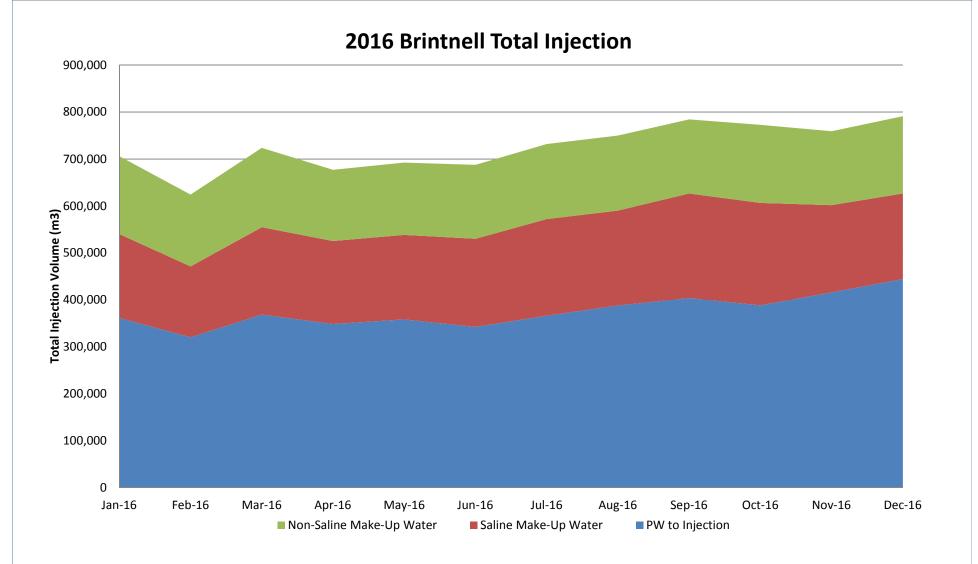
Non-Saline Water Use



- Canadian Natural currently has license 00249595-00-00 with Alberta Energy Regulator for the annual diversion of up to 2,151,310 m3 of non-saline water for injection with an expiry date of 2019-01-25.
 - CNRL received a renewal of this license in early 2014.
- Canadian Natural has not increased the amount of licensed non-saline water since 2006, yet has significantly increased the amount of area under flood as seen in the polymer flood section of this presentation.
- Working to optimize the use of fresh water for polymer hydration to maximize its benefit
- Significant investment has been made in infrastructure and increased operating cost in order to continue to expand the polymer flood without the use of additional non-saline water to our current license.
- In Compliance with Alberta Environment and Water regarding monthly reporting, observation well monitoring, and all other terms of the License.

Brintnell Total Injection





2016 Injection Water Summary

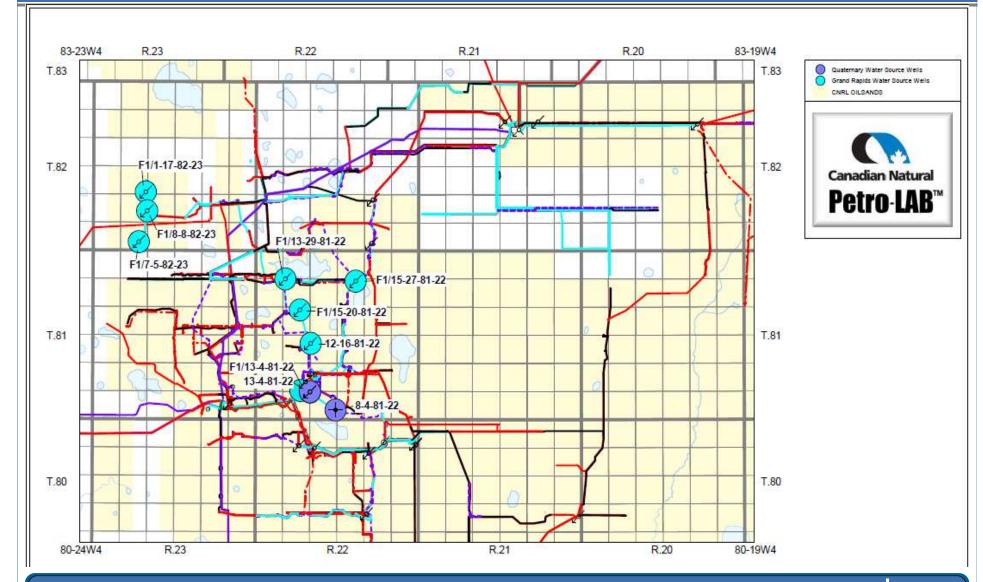


2016 Polymer Injection Volumes (m³)	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Produced Water to Injection	361,568	320,192	368,792	348,762	358,408	342,411	366,221	388,012	403,739	388,431	416,131	444,370
Fresh Make-Up Water	165,864	152,842	169,033	151,731	153,981	157,362	159,819	159,857	157,942	166,232	157,629	164,651
Saline Make-Up Water	178,470	151,138	185,998	176,611	180,006	187,861	205,805	202,106	222,768	218,065	185,436	182,266
Total	705,902	624,171	723,823	677,104	692,395	687,634	731,845	749,975	784,449	772,728	759,196	791,286

Total Injection Volumes (m ³)	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Produced Water to Injection	2,382,129 47	% 2,865,183 56%	6 3,216,258 42%	3,485,267 39%	2,901,838 27%	3,388,006 34%	3,522,671 38%	4,390,618 44%	4,617,604 48%	4,507,036 52%
Fresh Make-Up Water	1,026,684 20	% 1,493,264 29%	6 1,433,242 19%	1,553,045 17%	1,479,780 14%	1,876,840 19%	2,041,938 22%	2,028,731 20%	1,937,567 20%	1,916,943 22%
Saline Make-Up Water	1,661,989 33	764,664 15%	6 2,963,684 39%	3,999,848 44%	6,274,361 59%	4,780,011 48%	3,800,437 41%	3,666,120 36%	3,133,047 32%	2,276,529 26%
Total	5,070,802	5,123,111	7,613,184	9,038,160	10,655,979	10,044,856	9,365,047	10,085,470	9,688,218	8,700,507

Non-Saline Well Locations



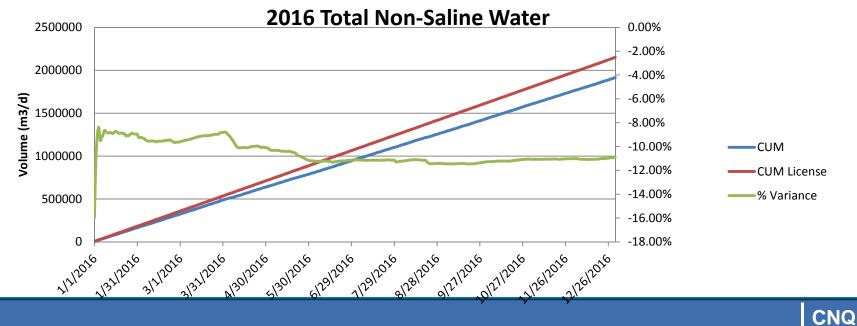


Non-Saline Water Make up Wells



Well Name	UWI	Production Interval	Diversion	Maximum Annual Diversion Volume (m3/d)	2016 Average Diversion Volumes (m3/d)
WSW BP25 - QUAT	100/08-04-081-22W4/00	53.3-65.2	818	247,470	525
WSW BP11 - QUAT	1F2/13-04-081-22W4/00	34.3-38.8	1200	153,300	410
WSW BP2 - GR	1AA/12-16-081-22W4/02	270.6-317.6	1200)	778
WSW BP11 - GR	1F1/13-04-081-22W4/00	258.5-315.9	812		725
WSW HTP2 - GR	1F1/13-29-081-22W4/00	265.8-326.8	2250)	1,354
WSW HTP6 - GR	1F1/15-27-081-22W4/00	264.8-317.8	468		394
WSW NHTP16 - GR	1F1/01-17-082-23W4/00	253.0-310.0	933	1,750,540	507
WSW WBP30 - GR	100/15-20-081-22W4/00	260-315	750)	182
WSW NHP13 - GR	100/07-05-082-23W4/00	232-302	325	•	256
WSW NHP15 - GR	100/08-08-082-23W4/00	243-305	225		106

1,574,935



Slide 72



CNQ Slide 73

• Non-Saline Water Source Wells

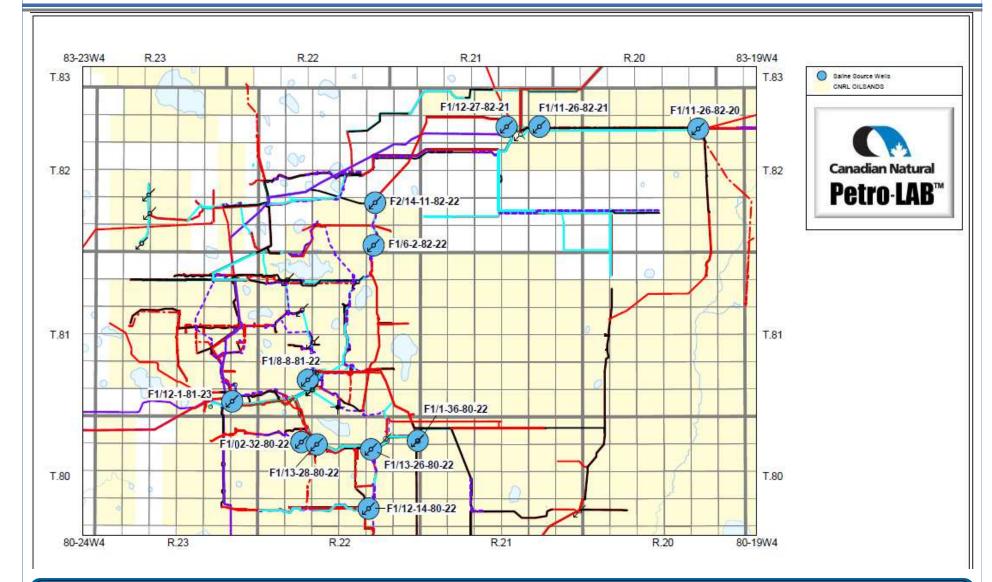
Monitoring	Sample	Lab pH	Lab EC	Са	Mg	Na	K	CI	T-Alkalinity	HCO ₃	CO ₃	SO ₄	NO ₂ -N	NO ₃ -N	NO ₂ -N+NO ₃ -N	Hardness	TDS
Well	Date		µS/cm	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
WSW HTP 2 - GR	25-Jul-15	8.95	2600	2.05	1.41	608	3.64	82.6	1270	1340	104	< 0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	10.9	1460
WSW HTP 6 - GR	25-Jul-15	8.95	2580	1.95	1.34	<u>602</u>	3.58	91.3	1250	1320	98.7	<0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	10.4	1450
WSW NHTP 13 - GR	26-Jul-15	8.65	2570	2.35	1.56	<u>603</u>	4.17	94.8	1260	1400	66.6	<0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	12.3	1470
WSW NHTP 15 - GR	26-Jul-15	8.96	2560	1.88	1.52	610	3.71	99.8	1230	1300	102	<0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	11	1460
WSW NHTP 16 - GR	26-Jul-15	8.93	2670	1.99	1.71	637	3.99	93.2	1350	1430	108	<1.5	<0.050	<0.10	<0.11	12	1550
WSW BP 2 - GR	25-Jul-15	8.94	2470	1.84	1.23	<u>609</u>	3.57	89	1210	1270	96.2	<0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	9.7	1430
WSW BP 11 - GR	25-Jul-15	8.95	2390	1.74	1.17	595	3.53	76	1210	1280	101	<0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	9.2	1410
WSW BP 11 - Quat	25-Jul-15	8.54	740	88	24.1	53.8	4.9	0.73	329	369	16.2	73.8	<0.010	0.062	0.062	319	443
WSW BP 25 - Quat	19-Jan-16	7.59	1600	129	39.4	207	6.32	1.52	487	594	<5.0	462	<0.010	<0.020	<0.050	484	1140
WB30 - GR	25-Jul-15	9.01	2610	2.22	1.37	631	3.74	98.3	1330	1380	116	< 0.60	<0.020	<0.040	<0.045	11.2	1540

• Saline Water Source Wells – Grosmont

Typical TDS range – 22,000-35,000 mg/L

Saline Water Source Map





2016 Saline Water Source Well Diversion Volumes (m³)



Non-Saline Wells	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Totals
1F1/01-36-080-22W4/00	58,502	52,120	58,871	60,327	63,188	62,001	58,853	59,414	65,057	63,402	57,681	61,669	721,085
1F1/02-32-080-22W4/00	40,974	43,048	38,919	33,485	33,073	33,601	29,408	42,662	55,107	58,749	38,798	30,496	478,320
1F1/08-08-081-22W4/00	11,050	17,507	14,626	4,200	3,417	16,937	30,795	23,490	10,232	0	594	2,940	135,788
1F1/11-26-082-21W4/00	23,974	13,755	23,428	24,752	27,382	26,706	23,231	29,106	34,655	20,089	41,034	38,747	326,859
1F1/12-01-081-23W400	3,515	208	760	707	302	366	4,176	1,733	12,361	32,898	1,249	4,318	62,592
1F1/13-26-080-22W4/00	31,674	24,500	49,394	53,140	52,644	48,250	59,342	45,701	45,356	42,927	46,080	44,096	543,104
1F1/13-28-080-22W4/00	8,781	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,781
1F1/12-14-080-22W4/00		-			-	-		-	-		-	-	-
1F1/11-26-082-20W4/00	-	-			-	-		-	-		-	-	-
1F1/12-27-082-21W4/00	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
1F1/06-02-082-22W4/00	-	_			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
1F2/14-11-082-22W4/00	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
TOTAL SALINE	178,470	151,138	185,998	176,611	180,006	187,861	205,805	202,106	222,768	218,065	185,436	182,266	2,276,529

• Inactive wells above have been suspended and could be reactivated for future use.



Total Water Volumes	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Produced Water for Injection (m3)	2,382,129	2,865,183	3,216,258	3,485,267	2,901,838	3,703,800	3,522,671	4,390,618	4,617,604	4,507,036
Fresh Water (m3)	1,026,684	1,493,264	1,433,242	1,553,045	1,479,780	1,876,840	2,041,938	2,028,731	1,937,567	1,916,943
Brackish Water (m3) - Grosmont	1,661,989	764,664	2,963,684	3,999,848	6,274,361	4,780,011	3,800,437	3,666,120	3,133,047	2,276,529
Disposal Volume (m3)	553,678	475,723	426,373	680,010	268,333	174,739	222,200	464,554	544,868	684,537
Total Produce Recycle (%)	76.80%	83.40%	86.70%	80.50%	90.80%	95.30%	94.00%	91.0%	89.6%	<mark>87.2%</mark>
Average Daily Recycle (m3/d)	5,009	6,529	7,644	7,686	7,215	9,642	9,900	12,273	12,876	12,740

- Continued to focus on maintaining high water recycling ratios.
 - **2016 recycle at 87.2%.**
- CNRL continues to be in compliance with AENV water diversion license.
- CNRL Disposal injection in compliance with Directive 51 Guidelines and Approvals.

Pelican Lake Water Information



Pelican Lake Water Information

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Fresh Water (m3/day) - Quaternary											
and Grand Rapids	1405	2813	4091	3927	4255	4054	5142	5594	5558	5308	5252
Brackish Water (m3/day) - Grosmont	3940	4553	2095	8120	10958	17190	13096	10412	10044	8584	6237
Total Source Water (m3/day)	5345	7366	6186	12046	15213	21244	18238	16007	15602	13892	11489
Total Source Water per barrel of oil	1.1	1.4	1.1	2.1	2.6	3.7	3.0	2.3	2.0	1.7	1.5
Brackish Water per barrel of oil	0.8	0.8	0.4	1.4	1.9	3.0	2.1	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.8
Fresh Water per barrel of oil	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
Produced Water Recycle (m3/day)	3344	5009	6546	7644	7686	7215	9669	9900	12273	12876	12740
Recycle Rates	64.8%	76.8%	83.4%	86.7%	80.5%	90.8%	95.3%	94.0%	91.0%	89.6%	87.2%
Oil Produced (bbl/day)	29570	34269	37035	36612	36726	36372	38656	42934	50194	50877	47982

Pelican Lake Water Information 2016 Monthly

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Fresh Water (m3/day) - Quaternary				•					•			
and Grand Rapids	5,438	5,011	5,542	4,975	5,049	5,159	5,240	5,241	5,178	5,450	5,168	5,398
Brackish Water (m3/day) - Grosmont	5,851	4,955	6,098	5,791	5,902	6,159	6,748	6,626	7,304	7,150	6,080	5,976
Total Makeup Water (m3/day)	11,290	9,967	11,640	10,765	10,950	11,319	11,988	11,868	12,482	12,600	11,248	11,374
Total Makeup Water per barrel of oil	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5
Brackish Water per barrel of oil	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
Fresh Water per barrel of oil	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Produced Water Recylce (m3/day)	12220	10903	12464	11841	12249	12126	12641	13095	13564	13115	14047	14693
Recycle Rates	87.27%	88.27%	88.19%	87.60%	87.78%	87.33%	85.99%	86.18%	86.25%	86.20%	86.54%	88.71%
Oil Produced (bbl/day)	48,345	44,932	49,620	48,017	48,199	47,157	49,030	48,423	46,731	48,491	47,503	47,765

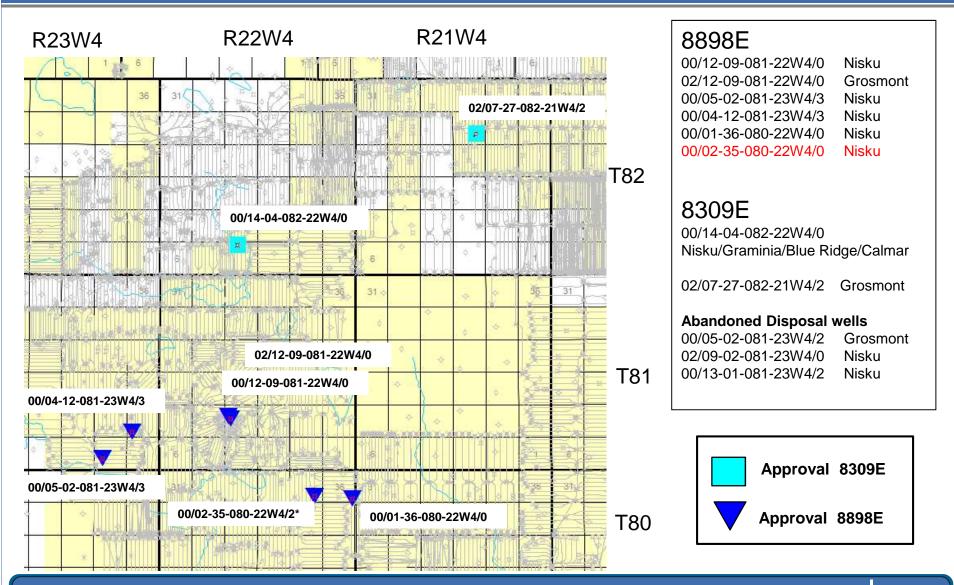
Pelican Water Management Plan



- Striving to improve field performance by increasing throughput through injectivity improvements
- Optimize polymer loading with the use of existing fresh water volumes
- Additional water treatment processes previously piloted but not implemented – economics and operating limitations posed challenges
- 2015 Small water treatment pilot to investigate new technologies to improve produced water quality.
- Additional Grosmont Source/Disposal options are being investigated as we plan the long-term Water Sourcing options.
 - 2017 Approval for additional disposal at 1F1/13-28 which was converted from Grosmont source to disposal.

Water and Oilfield Disposal Map





CNRL Brintnell Disposal Wells



	TABLE 1 APPROVAL NO. 8898E						
1	2	3	4	5			
Unique Well Identifiers	Disposal Zone	Top of Injection Interval (Measured depth - metres KB)	Depth of Production Packer (Measured depth - metres KB)	Maximum Wellhead Injection Pressure (kilopascals gauge)			
00/12-09-081-22W4/0	Nisku	487.5	478.9	6000			
02/12-09-081-22W4/0	Grosmont	536.0	526.7	4325			
00/05-02-081-23W4/3	Nisku	513.0	508.2	3300			
00/ <mark>04-12-081-23W4/</mark> 3	Nisku	508.0	506.0	3450			
00/02-35-080-22W4/0 ¹	Nisku	475.0	473.0	3200			
00/01-36-080-22W4/0	Nisku	458.1	454.0	3200			

CNRL Brintnell Disposal Wells



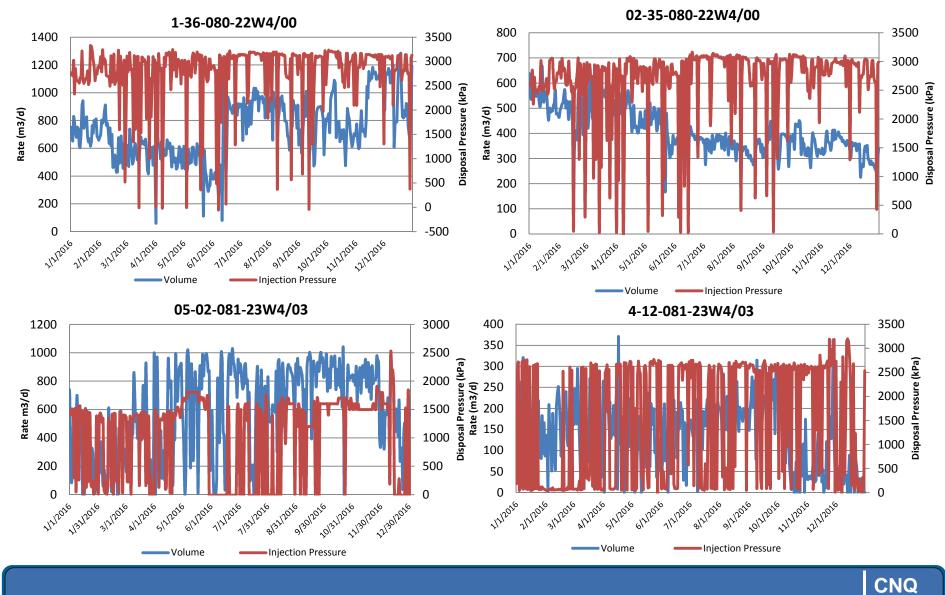
TABLE 1 APPROVAL NO. 8309E

1	2	3	4	5
Unique Well Identifiers	Disposal Zone	Top of Injection Interval (Measured depth - metres KB)	Depth of Production Packer (Measured depth - metres KB)	Maximum Wellhead Injection Pressure (kilopascals gauge)
02/07-27-082-21W4/2 ¹	Grosmont	555.0	545.1	3450
00/14-04-082-22W4/0	Nisku/Graminia/ Blue Ridge/ Calmar	453.0	438.0	3500



Disposal Well Data





Slide 82



AER Compliance



Hydrogen Sulphide



- Souring of production to occur over time, Engineering and Construction, has and will continue to ensure compliance across the entire Field to handle sour production (<1% H2S).
- H2S produced at padsites and batteries is expected to be in low concentration and volume.
- CNRL collects solution gas at batteries and wellsites in a common solution gas gathering system.
- Gas to be sweetened in field and at major facility sites (emulsion batteries, compressor station).

AER Compliance



- CNRL continues to work with AER regarding injection well integrity:
 - Formation/hydraulic isolation
 - Cement bond
 - Casing corrosion
- Process of upgrading existing wellsite facilities to meet current regulations and codes for the expected service (higher WCT, higher TDS, less than 1% H2S). Timeline to be completed over next 2-3 years throughout field (existing facilities met regulations at time of original construction).
 - Priority on areas where we have seen corrosion through inspections, and areas with high water cut

AER Compliance



- Canadian Natural Resources is not aware of any outstanding compliance issues regarding the current approvals.
- CNRL currently in compliance with other regulatory bodies (AER, AENV).
- Reclamation programs: Well and Pipeline abandonments as required by Directives 65 and 13.
- Inactive wells: currently compliant.
 - Long Term Inactives.
 - Review future flood areas to properly downhole suspend/abandon wells within a reasonable time of start of injection (some wells to be completed for flood monitoring).

Outstanding Applications



- Water Act Application: 001-00329572
 - Water Act File 00218314



Conclusion



- Canadian Natural continues to be committed to maximizing the value of the resource for the both itself and the Province of Alberta through it's Royalty Interest
 - 2016 Stable production in low commodity price environment
- Results from the polymer flood continue to be encouraging
 - Continuing to evaluate the impacts of oil viscosity and water production on the ultimate performance and recovery under polymer flooding
- CNRL continues to optimize the operation of the flood and expand to new, more challenging areas
 - Injection management is a balance of OPEX, power consumption and flood management
- CNRL is working on an injection plan to maximize field throughput and thus ultimate recovery of the field. Several options are being investigated over the next several years.
- Compliance with all AER regulations, including cap rock integrity monitoring, and communication with the AER remains a top priority for CNRL.



THE FUTURE CLEARLY DEFINED

Premium Value I Defined Growth I Independent

